SYLLABUS FOR FOUR YEAR INTEGRATED B.A. B.Ed. COURSE

THIRD YEAR



Session: 2023-2024

JAI NARAIN VYAS UNIVERSITY JODHPUR **बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24** संस्कृत प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र (काव्य, अलंकार, व्याकरण एवं संस्कृति)

अधिकतम अंक 70

समय 3 घंटा

कुल प्रश्न पत्र का निर्माण संस्कृत भाषा में होगा, किन्तु विशेष निर्देश के अभाव में प्रश्न–पत्र का उत्तर हिन्दी, संस्कृत अथवा अंग्रेजी में दिया जा सकता है।

पाट्यक्रम

इकाई – 1 नाट्यशास्त्र द्वितीय अध्याय इकाई – 2 महाभारत शान्ति पर्व (192 अध्याय) इकाई – 3 हल् सन्धि इकाई –4 अलंकार – व्यतिरेक, अर्थान्तरन्यास अपह्नुति, विभावना, विशेषोक्ति, अप्रस्तुतप्रशंसा , इकाई – 5 भारतीय संस्कृति–, वर्णव्यवस्था,, पुरुषार्थ चतुष्टय तथा पुराकालीन भारतीय शिक्षापद्धति।

प्रश्न–पत्र का निर्माण निम्नानुसार होगा –

खण्ड 'अ' —10 अंक 1. इस खण्ड के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। 2. सभी प्रश्नों का उत्तर संस्कृत में देना होगा। 3. प्रत्येक इकाई से दो प्रश्न पूछे जाएँगे। 4. प्रश्नों के उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 30 शब्द होगी।

खण्ड 'ब' – 30 अंक 1. प्रत्येक इकाई से दो प्रश्न पूछे जाएँगे। 2. प्रत्येक इकाई से एक प्रश्न का उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है, इस प्रकार कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने हैं। 3. प्रश्नों के उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 250 शब्द होगी।

खण्ड 'स' – 30 अंक 1. प्रत्येक इकाई से एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। 2. कुल पाँच प्रश्न पूछे जाएँगे जिनमें से परीक्षार्थी को तीन प्रश्नों का उत्तर देना है। 3. प्रश्न के उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 500 शब्द होगी।

सहायक पुस्तकें –

- ▶ महाभारत शान्ति पर्व (192 अध्याय)—गीता प्रेस, गोरखपुर
- 🕨 नाट्यशास्त्र : (प्रदीप हिन्दी टीकोपेत), चौखम्बा पब्लिकेशन्स, अंसारी रोड, दरियागंज, नई दिल्ली
- 🕨 लघुसिद्धान्तकौमुदी ः महेशसिंह कुशवाह
- 🕨 संस्कृत व्याकरण : श्रीनिवास शास्त्री
- 🕨 काव्यदीपिका (अष्टम शिखा) : कान्तिचन्द्र भट्टाचार्य
- 🕨 भारतस्य सांस्कृतिको निधिः रामजी उपाध्याय

- ≽ भारतीय संस्कृति : श्री कृष्ण ओझा
- ≻ भारतीय संस्कृति : शिवदत्त ज्ञानी
- ≻ भारतीय संस्कृति : प्रीति प्रभा गोयल

- भारतीय संस्कृति–सौरभम् :रामजी उपाध्याय, भारतीय संस्कृति संस्थान, महामनापुरी, वाराणसी–5
 Sanskrit Grammar : With an English Version, MLBD, Delhi, 1981
 Sanskrit Grammar:(मर्म प्रकाशिका) English Translation, M.R. Kale, MLBD, Delhi, 1976

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र (वेद, उपनिषद्, दर्शन एवं व्याकरण)

> अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

पाट्यक्रम

इकाई 1 : वेद (क) ऋग्वेद : अग्नि 1.1, विष्णु 1.154, हिरण्यगर्भ 10.121 इकाई 2 : कठोपनिषद् (प्रथम अध्याय– प्रथम वल्ली) इकाई 3 : व्याकरण (क) कत् प्रत्यय, (ख) लघुसिद्धान्तकौमुदी के निर्धारित (लट्, लोट्,एवं विधिलिड्.) लकांरों में भू धातु के चार में से दो रूपों की सिद्धि (ग) एध् धातु के चार में से दो रूपों की सिद्धि। निर्धारित लकार –लट् लोट् इकाई 4 : भारतीय दर्शन के सिद्धान्त अ. भारतीय दर्शनों का वैशिष्ट्य एवं सामान्य परिचय ब. आत्मा स. मोक्ष द. अहिंसा य. चार आर्यसत्य इकाई 5 : (क)निर्धारित तद्धित प्रत्यय ष्यञ्–वर्णदृढादिभ्यः ष्यञ् च, गुणवचनब्राह्मणादिभ्यःकर्मणि च त्व, तल्–तस्य भावस्त्वतलौ, ग्रामजनबन्धुभ्यस्तल् इतच्-तदस्य स जातं तारकादिभ्य इतच् इनि–अत इनिटनौ, व्रीह्यादिभ्यश्च विनि–अस्मायामेधास्रजो विनिः (ख) निर्धारित समास समास अव्ययीभाव–अव्ययं विभक्ति समीपसमृद्धिर्व्यधद्यर्थाभावात्ययासम्प्रति– शब्दप्रादुर्भावपश्चाद्यथानुपूर्व्ययौगपद्यसादृश्यसम्पत्तिसाकल्यान्तवचनेषु द्वन्द्व-चार्थे द्वन्द्वः, द्वन्द्वे घि, अजाद्यदन्तम्, अल्पाच्तरम्, द्वन्द्वश्च प्राणितूर्यसेनाङ्गानाम् प्रश्न–पत्र का निर्माण निम्नानुसार होगा – खण्ड 'अ' – 10 अंक 1. इस खण्ड के सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। 2. सभी प्रश्नों का उत्तर संस्कृत में देना होगा। 3. प्रत्येक इकाई से दो प्रश्न पूछे जाएँगे।

4. प्रश्नों के उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 30 शब्द होगी।

खण्ड 'ब' – 30 अंक 1. प्रत्येक इकाई से दो प्रश्न पूछे जाएँगे। 2. प्रत्येक इकाई से एक प्रश्न का उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है, इस प्रकार कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने हैं। 3. प्रश्नों के उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 250 शब्द होगी। खण्ड 'स' – 30 अंक 1. प्रत्येक इकाई से एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। 2. कुल पाँच प्रश्न पूछे जाएँगे जिनमें से परीक्षार्थी को तीन प्रश्नों का उत्तर देना है। 3. प्रश्न के उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 500 शब्द होगी।

सहायक पुस्तकें

- > New Vedic Selection Part I & II : Telanga & Chaube, Bhartiya Vidya Prakashan, Delhi
- 🕨 वेदचयनम्ः व्याख्याकार, विश्वम्भर नाथ त्रिपाठी, विश्वविद्यालय प्रकाशन, वाराणसी
- 🕨 कठोपनिषद्ः गीता प्रेस, गोरखपुर
- ▶ कठोपनिषद् ः व्याख्याकार, सुरेन्द्र देव शास्त्री, चौखम्बा विद्याभवन, वाराणसी
- लघुसिद्धान्त कौमुदी : अर्कनाथ चौधरी, जगदीश संस्कृत पुस्तकालय, झालानियों का रास्ता, किशनपोल
- 🕨 बाजार, जयपुर।
- 🕨 भारतीय दर्शन का इतिहास : बलदेव उपाध्याय
- > भारतीय दर्शन : चन्द्रधर शर्मा
- 🕨 भारतीय दर्शन : नन्दकिशोर देवराज, हिन्दी समिति लखनऊ
- 🕨 भारतीय दर्शन का परिचय : चटर्जी एवं दत्त

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र हिन्दी भाषा और साहित्य का इतिहास

> अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

इकाई 1 ः हिन्दी भाषा–हिन्दी की मूल आकर भाषाएँ–संस्कृत, पालि, प्राकृत, अपभ्रंश का परिचय,विशेषताएँ। हिन्दी का उद्भव और विकास। हिन्दी और उसकी बोलियों का सामान्य परिचय।

इकाई 2 : हिन्दी भाषा के विविध रूप–बोलचाल की भाषा, राजभाषा, रचनात्मक भाषा, राष्ट्र भाषा, सम्पर्क भाषा, संचार भाषा। हिन्दी का शब्द भण्डार–तत्सम, तद्भव, देशज, आगत शब्दावली। देवनागरी लिपि : उद्भव–विकास एवं मानक – रूप । इकाई 3 : हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास–आदिकाल–सीमांकन, नामकरण। परिस्थितियाँ, आदिकालीन साहित्य का वर्गीकरण, प्रमुख काव्यधाराओं का परिचय एवं वैशिष्ट्य, विशिष्ट रचनाकारों का सामान्य परिचय।

इकाई 4 : भक्तिकाल– सामाजिक, राजनीतिक, सांस्कृतिक पृष्ठभूमि, सन्तकाव्य, सूफी काव्य,रामभक्ति काव्य धाराओं की प्रमुख काव्य–प्रवृत्तियाँ, कृष्णभक्ति काव्य। विशिष्ट रचनाकारों का सामान्य परिचय।

रीतिकाल–नामकरण, रीतिकालीन काव्य की प्रवृत्तियाँ एवं विशेषताएँ। प्रमुख रचनाकार।

इकाई 5 : आधुनिक काल–पृष्ठभूमि, भारतेन्दु युग, द्विवेदी युग, छायावाद, प्रगतिवाद, प्रयोगवाद,नई कविता की काव्य–प्रवृत्तियाँ एवं विशेषताएँ।

प्रमुख गद्य विधाओं–निबन्ध, नाटक, एकांकी, उपन्यास, कहानी एवं आलोचना का उद्भव एवं विकास

प्रश्न एवं अंक–विभाजन खण्ड (क) प्रत्येक इकाई से दो–दो (कुल दस) लघूत्तरी प्रश्न (शब्द सीमा 30 शब्द) 10 x 1 = 10 अंक खण्ड (ख) प्रत्येक इकाई से विकल्प सहित एक–एक (कुल पाँच) टिप्पणी परक प्रश्न (शब्द सीमा 250 शब्द) 5 x 6 = 30 अंक खण्ड (ग) प्रत्येक इकाई से एक–एक आलोचनात्मक प्रश्न पूछा जायेगा, जिनमें से किन्हीं तीन के उत्तर देने होंगे। (शब्द सीमा 500 शब्द) 3 x 10 = 30 अंक

सहायक पुस्तकें –

- 🕨 हिन्दी भाषा का इतिहास : लक्ष्मीसागर वार्ष्णेय
- ▶ हिन्दी भाषा का उद्गम और विकास : उदयनारायण तिवारी
- 🕨 हिन्दी साहित्य का सुबोध इतिहास : गुलाबराय
- 🕨 हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास : लक्ष्मीसागर वार्ष्णेय

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र हिन्दी साहित्य काव्यांग विवेचन एवं हिन्दी गद्य विधाओं का स्वरूप

> अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

इकाई 1 काव्य–लक्षण, काव्य–हेतु, काव्य–प्रयोजन, काव्य–भेद। इकाई 2 रस का स्वरूप, रस के अवयव-स्थायी भाव, विभाव, अनुभाव, संचारी भाव। रस के भेदों का परिचय। इकाई 3 अल कार—सामान्य परिचय, निर्धारित अलंकार—अनुप्रास, यमक, श्लेष, वक्रोक्ति, उपमा,रूपक, भ्रान्तिमान, सन्देह, उत्प्रेक्षा, दृष्टान्त, विरोधाभास, असंगति (कूल 12) छन –सामान्य परिचय, निर्धारित छन्द–दोहा, सोरठा, चौपाई, रोला, इन्द्रवज्रा,मन्दाक्रान्ता, उपेन्द्रवज्रा, मदिरा सवैया, मत्तगयन्द सवैया, दुर्मिल सवैया, मनहरण, देवघनाक्षरी (कुल 12) इकाई 4 काव्य–गुण काव्य-कोष-निर्धारित काव्य-दोष-श्रुतिकटुत्व, च्युतसंस्कृति, ग्राम्यत्व, अश्लीलत्व, अप्रतीतत्व, क्लिष्टत्व, न्यूनपदत्व, अधिक पदत्व, पुनरुक्तत्व, अक्रमत्व, दुष्क्रमत्व (कूल११) शब शक्तियाँ इकाई 5 गद्य विधाओ –नाटक, एकांकी, उपन्यास, कहानी, निबन्ध, आलोचना, संस्मरण,रेखाचित्र, आत्मकथा, जीवनी का स्वरूप एवं तात्विक विवेचन। इकाई एवं अंक–विभाजन : खण्ड (क) प्रत्येक इकाई से दो–दो (कुल दस) लघूत्तरी प्रश्न (शब्द सीमा 30 शब्द) 10 **X** 1 = 10 अंक खण्ड (ख) प्रत्येक इकाई से विकल्प सहित एक–एक (कुल पाँच) टिप्पणीपरक प्रश्न (शब्द सीमा 250 शब्द) 5 X 6 = 30 अंक खण्ड (ग) प्रत्येक इकाई से एक–एक आलोचनात्मक प्रश्न पूछा जायेगा, जिनमें से किन्हीं तीन के उत्तर देने होंगे (शब्द सीमा 500 शब्द) 3 🗙 10 = 30 अंक सहायक पुस्तकें : 🕨 सिद्धान्त और अध्ययन : गुलाब राय ≽ काव्य प्रदीप : रामबहोरी शुक्ल 🕨 साहित्य रूप : शिवकरण सिंह ≽ काव्य के रूप : गुलाब राय ≽ हिन्दी आलोचना ः विश्वनाथ त्रिपाठी 🕨 काव्यशास्त्र : भगीरथ मिश्र

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Teaching hours: 8 periods per week.

PAPER I

POETRY

TEXTS PRESCRIBED:

From Wordsworth to Now. Ed. C.T. Thomas (Orient Longman, 1985)

OR

The Golden Treasury. F.T. Palgrave. Rupa Classics.

The following poems are prescribed:

William Wordsworth:	The World is Too Much with Us;
S.T. Coleridge :	Christabel, Part I.

P.B. Shelley: Ode to the West Wind.

John Keats: To Autumn.

Alfred Tennyson: Ulysses.

Arnold: Shakespeare.

Robert Browning: My Last Duchess.

Emily Dickinson: The Chariot.

Gerald Manley Hopkins: Pied Beauty; God's Grandeur.

Robert Frost: After Apple Picking.

T.S. Eliot: The Journey of the Magi.

W.H. Auden : Musee des Beaux Arts.

Philip Larkin: Church Going.

Nissim Ezekiel:Enterprise

Section A

(10x1=10 Marks)

This section will consist of 10 compulsory questions. There will be two questions from each Unit and answer to each question shall be limited up to 30 words. Each Question carries 1 marks.

Unit 1: Two reference (Lines/quotes) to context from prescribed poems.

- Unit 2: Two questions from: Wordsworth, Coleridge, Shelley and Keats.
- Unit 3: Two questions from : Tennyson, Arnold, Browning, Dickinson and Hopkins.

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 100 Unit 4 : Two questions from: Robert Frost, T.S. Eliot, Auden, Larkin and Ezekiel

Unit 5: Two Questionson Genre and Age

Section B:

(5x6=30 Marks)

This section will consist of 10 questions. Two questions from each unit. The students will answer five questions. There will be an internal choice in each Unit. Answer to each question shall be limited up to 250 words. Each question carries 6 marks.

Unit 1 : Two reference (Lines/quotes) to context from prescribed poems.

Unit 2: Two questions from: Wordsworth, Coleridge, Shelley and Keats.

Unit 3 : Two questions from : Tennyson, Arnold, Browning, Dickinson and Hopkins.

Unit 4 : Two questions from: Robert Frost, T.S. Eliot, Auden, Larkin and Ezekiel

Unit 5: Two Questionson Genre and Age

Section C

(3x10=30 Marks)

This Section will consist of five questions from Unit 2,3,4.

The students are required to attempt any three questions in 500 words.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- > Boulton, Marjorie. Anatomy of Poetry. London & Boston: Routledge & Kegan Paul PLC, 1982.
- > Hooper, A.G. An Introduction to Language and Literature. London: Longmans, 1961.

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 ELECTIVE ENGLISH

PAPER II : DRAMA

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

TEXTS PRESCRIBED: FOR DETAILED STUDY: Shakespeare: Othello (The New Clarendon Shakespeare, OUP) Arthur Miller: All My Sons. Ed. Nissim Ezekiel (Modern Plays for Students, OUP) FOR GENERAL STUDY: John Osborne: Look Back in Anger

Section A

This section will consist of 10 compulsory questions. There will be two questions from each Unit and answer to each question shall be limited up to 30 words. Each question carries 1 mark.

- Unit 1 : Two references (Lines/quotes) to contexts from Plays prescribed for Detailed Study.
- Unit 2 : Two questions on Shakespeare: Othello.
- Unit 3 : Two questions on Miller: All My Sons.
- Unit 4 : Two questions on John Osborne: Look Back in Anger.
- Unit 5 : Two Questions on the background and genre of the prescribed Drama.

Section B:

This section will consist of 10 questions. Two questions from each unit. The students will answer five questions. There will be an internal choice in each Unit. Answer to each question shall be limited up to 250 words. Each question carries 6 marks.

- Unit 1 : Two references (Lines/quotes) to contexts from Plays prescribed for Detailed Study.
- Unit 2 : Two questions on Shakespeare: Othello.
- Unit 3 : Two questions on Miller: All My Sons.
- Unit 4 : Two questions on John Osborne: Look Back in Anger.
- Unit 5 : Two Questions on the background and genre of the Prescribed Drama.

Section C

This Section will consist of five questions from Unit 2,3,4. The students are required to attempt any three questions in 500 words.

RECOMMENDED READINGS:

- > Brooks and Heliman. Understanding Drama. Holt, Rinehart & Winston of Canada Ltd; 1948.
- > Wells, Stanley. Literature and Drama.(Concept of Literature Series)
- > Shakespearean Tragedy: Stratford Upon Avon Studies, No. 20. Holmes & Meier Pub, 1984.

(5x6=30 Marks)

(3x10=30 Marks)

(10x1=10 Marks)

नोट:- इस परीक्षा में प्रत्येक विषय के दो प्रश्न-पत्र होंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र तीन घण्टे की अवधि का होगाा तथा 70 अंकों का सैद्वान्तिक प्रश्न पत्र होगा तथा 30 अंक की (तीन सम्मेटिव परीक्षा होगीं प्रत्येक 10 अंक की होगी) प्रश्न पत्र तीन खण्डों में विभक्त होगा। खण्ड अ में 10 प्रश्न होगें प्रत्येक प्रश्न 1 नम्बर का होगा तथा सभी प्रश्न करने अनिवार्य है। प्रश्नों की उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 30 शब्द होगी। खण्ड ब में कुल 5 प्रश्न करने है प्रत्येक प्रश्न 6 नम्बर का होगा। प्रत्येक इकाई में 2 प्रश्न होगें जिनमें से एक करना अनिवार्य होगा। प्रश्नों के उत्तर की अधिकतम सीमा 250 शब्द होगी। खण्ड स में कुल पॉच प्रश्न होगे। प्रत्येक इकाई में से 1 प्रश्न पूछा जायेगा जिनमें से कुल तीन प्रश्नों का उत्तर देना अनिवार्य होगा । प्रत्येक प्रश्न 10 अंक का होगा । प्रश्न के उत्तर की सीमा अधिकतम 500 शब्द होगी

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 History Paper I History of India 1858 to 1950 AD

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

- Unit : 1 Rise and Growth of Nationalism, Birth of Congress, Theory, theme and achievement of Moderates, Bengal Partition and Swadeshi Movement.
- Unit: 2 Rise of Muslim League, Surat Split, Indian Council Act of 1909 and 1919, Govt of India Act of 1935.
- Unit: 3 Emergance of Gandhi in Indian Politics, Non-Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movement, Trade Union Movement.
- Unit : 4 Subhash Chandra Bose and Indian National Army, Crips Mission, Simla Conference, Cabinet Mission, Muslim Communalism.
- Unit : 5 Mountbatten Plan, Indian Independence Act of 1947, Main Features of Indian Constitution, Intregation of Indian States.

- Majumdar, R.C. : British Paramountacy & Renaissance Vol. IX & X.
- Choudhary, Satyabrata: Leftist Movement in India.
- Dodwell H.H. : Cambridge History of India Vol. VI.
- Dutta, R.C. : The Economic History of India Vol. I and II.
- Girija Shankar : Socialist Trends in Indian National Movement.
- Gopal, S. : British Policy in India 1858-1905.
- Grover, B.L. : British Policy towards Indian National Congress.
- Hasan Mushirul : Nationalism and Communal Politics in India.
- Joshi, V.C. : Ram Mohan and the Process of Modernisation in India.
- ➤ Kaushal G. : Economic History of India.

- > Mehrotra, S.R. : Emergence of Indian National Congress.
- > Menon, V.P. : Transfer of Power.: The Story of Integration of Indian States.
- Mishra, B.B. : Administrative History of India.: Indian Middle Classes their growth in modern times.
- Moin Sakir : Khilafat To Partition.
- > Phadnis, Urmila : Towards the Integration of Indian States.
- > Robin Jeffery : People, Princes and Paramount Power.
- Sarkar Sumit : Modern India.
- Singh, V.B. : Economic History of India 1857-1956.
- > Tara Chand : History of Freedom Movement.
- ≽ बिपन चन्द्र 💦 ः भारत में आर्थिक राष्ट्रवाद का उद्भव और विकास, भारत का स्वतंत्रता संघर्ष।
- ≻ नागर–पुरुषोत्तम : आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक।
- ▶ अग्रवाल, आर.एन. : राष्ट्रीय आन्दोलन एवं संवैधानिक विकास।
- 🕨 प्रतापसिंह 👘 ः आधुनिक भारत का सामाजिक व आर्थिक इतिहास।
- 🕨 जैन, एम.एस. : आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास।
- ▶ रॉबर्टस, पी.ई. ः ब्रिटिश कालीन भारत का इतिहास।

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 इतिहास प्रथम प्रश्न–पत्र भारत का इतिहास (1858–1950 ई0 तक)

अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

- इकाई 1 राष्ट्रवाद का उदय एवं विकास, कांग्रेस का जन्म, उदारवादियों के सिद्धान्त, कार्यप्रणाली एवं उपलब्धियां, बंगाल विभाजन एवं स्वदेशी आन्दोलन।
- इकाई २ मुस्लिम लीग का उदय, सूरत फूट, भारत परिषद अधिनियम 1909 एवं 1919, भारत सरकार अधिनियम 1935।
- इकाई 3 भारतीय राजनीति में गांधी का प्रवेश– असहयोग आन्दोलन, सविनय अवज्ञा आन्दोलन एवं भारत छोडो आन्दोलन, श्रम संगठन आन्दोलन।
- इकाई ४ सुभाषचन्द्र बोस एवं आजाद हिन्द फौज, क्रिप्स मिशन, शिमला सम्मेलन, केबिनेट मिशन एवं मुस्लिम सम्प्रदायवाद।
- इकाई 5 माउण्टबेटन योजना, भारत ख्वतंत्रता अधिनियम 1947, भारत के संविधान की प्रमुख विशेषताएं, भारतीय राज्यों का विलय।

- > Majumdar, R.C. : British Paramountacy & Renaissance Vol. IX & X.
- > Choudhary, Satyabrata: Leftist Movement in India.
- > Dodwell H.H. : Cambridge History of India Vol. VI.
- > Dutta, R.C. : The Economic History of India Vol. I and II.
- > Girija Shankar : Socialist Trends in Indian National Movement.
- ➤ Gopal, S. : British Policy in India 1858-1905.
- Srover, B.L. : British Policy towards Indian National Congress.
- > Hasan Mushirul : Nationalism and Communal Politics in India.
- > Joshi, V.C. : Ram Mohan and the Process of Modernisation in India.
- > Kaushal G. : Economic History of India.
- > Mehrotra, S.R. : Emergence of Indian National Congress.
- Menon, V.P. : Transfer of Power.: The Story of Integration of Indian States.
- Mishra, B.B. : Administrative History of India.: Indian Middle Classes their growth in modern times.
- > Moin Sakir : Khilafat To Partition.
- > Phadnis, Urmila : Towards the Integration of Indian States.
- Robin Jeffery : People, Princes and Paramount Power.
- Sarkar Sumit : Modern India.
- Singh, V.B. : Economic History of India 1857-1956.
- > Tara Chand : History of Freedom Movement.
- 🕨 बिपन चन्द्र 👘 ः भारत में आर्थिक राष्ट्रवाद का उद्भव और विकास , भारत का स्वतंत्रता संघर्ष।
- 🕨 नागर-पुरुषोत्तम ः आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक।
- 🕨 अग्रवाल, आर.एन. : राष्ट्रीय आन्दोलन एवं संवैधानिक विकास।
- 🕨 प्रतापसिंह : आधुनिक भारत का सामाजिक व आर्थिक इतिहास।
- ≻ जैन, एम.एस. ः आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास।
- 🕨 रॉबर्टस, पी.ई. ः ब्रिटिश कालीन भारत का इतिहास।

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 History Paper II History of Rajasthan 1605 A.D. – 1950 AD

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

- Unit 1 Relations of Jahangir with Mewar, Relation of Shahjahan with Marwar, Relations of Aurangzeb with Amer, achievements of Sawai Jai Singh
- Unit 2 Maratha Incrusions causes, results & Nature. Treaties with East India Company Trade and Commerce
- Unit 3 Uprising of 1857 in Rajasthan, causes, Results & Nature, Political Awakenning in Rajputana, Bhil, Bijolia Movements.
- Unit 4 Prajamandal Movement in Rajasthan with Special Reference to Jodhpur, Jaipur and Mewar, Formation of Rajasthan
- Unit 5 Folk Dieties of Rajasthan, Meera, Dadu, Ramdev and Pabu. Haveli Architecture with Special Reference to Jaisalmer and Shekhawati.

- ➢ Jain, M.S.:Rajasthan Ka Itihas.
- > Khadgawat, N.R.:Rajasthan's Role in 1857.
- > Pema Ram:Agrarian Movements in Rajasthan.
- > Raghubeer Singh:Purva Adhunik Rajasthan.
- Saxena, K.S.:Political Movements and Awakening in Rajasthan.
- Sharma, Dasharath:Rajasthan through the Ages.
- Sharma, G.N.: Mewar and the Mugal Emperors.
- Sharma, G.N.: Rajasthan Ka Itihas
- Sharma, G.N.: Social Life in Medieval Rajasthan.
- > Vyas, R.P.:Rajasthan Ka Brihat Itihas (Two parts).

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 इतिहास द्वितीय प्रश्न–पत्र राजस्थान का इतिहास(1605–1950ई0 तक)

अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

- इकाई 1 जहाँगीर के मेवाड के साथ सम्बन्ध, शाहजंहा के मारवाड के शासक के साथ सम्बन्ध औरंगजेब के आमेर के साथ सम्बन्ध , सवाई जयसिंह की उपलब्धियां
- इकाई २ मराठा आक्रमण कारण एवं प्रभाव, ईस्ट इण्डिया की राजपूताना राज्यों के साथ संधियां– कारण एवं परिणाम, व्यापार एवं वाणिज्य
- इकाई 3 राजस्थान में 1857 का विप्लव– कारण, परिणाम एवं प्रकृति, राजपूताना में राजनीतिक जागृति, भील, बिजोलिया आन्दोलन
- इकाई ४ राजस्थान में प्रजामण्डल आन्दोलन– जोधपुर, जयपुर एवं मेवाड के विशेष संदर्भ में, राजस्थान का एकीकरण
- इकाई 5 राजस्थान के लोक देवता—मीरा, दादू, रामदेव, पाबू, राजस्थान का हवेली स्थापत्य— जैसलमेर एवं शेखावटी के विशेष संदर्भ में

- Jain, M.S.: Rajasthan Ka Itihas.
- ➤ Khadgawat, N.R.:Rajasthan's Role in 1857.
- > Pema Ram:Agrarian Movements in Rajasthan.
- Raghubeer Singh:Purva Adhunik Rajasthan.
- Saxena, K.S.:Political Movements and Awakening in Rajasthan.
- Sharma, Dasharath:Rajasthan through the Ages.
- Sharma, G.N.: Mewar and the Mugal Emperors.
- Sharma, G.N.: Rajasthan Ka Itihas
- Sharma, G.N.: Social Life in Medieval Rajasthan.
- Vyas, R.P.:Rajasthan Ka Brihat Itihas (Two parts).

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Political Science

Paper I 70 Marks Paper II 70 Marks Duration of Each Paper 3 Hours

Paper I INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Unit 1 Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Relations ; Approaches to the Study of International Relations : Idealist and realist approaches, Actors of International Relations; State and other Players.

Unit 2 National Power: Meaning and Elements of National Power; Struggle for Power: retainingPower, increasing Power, demonstrating Power. Balance of Power: Meaning, Characteristics and devices for maintaining Balance of Power.

Unit 3 Cold War: Meaning, Causes & Impact; End of the Cold War, Concept of Non Alignment: Its achievements, Problems and Challenges, India's role in Non – alignment movement.

Unit 4 The basic features of the Foreign Policy of U.S.A., Communist China and India, India's relations with U.S.A., China and Pakistan.

Unit 5 Major Contemporary Trend and Issues in International Politics; Changing World Scenario;Environmentalism, Globalisation, Human Rights, Disarmament, SAARC & ASEAN.

Recommended Readings

- > C.Brown, International Relations Theory: London, Harvester Wheatsheat, 1975.
- F.I.Greenstein and N.W.Polsby, Theory of International Relations, Reading Massachsetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979.
- > F.S.Northedge, The International Political System, London, Faber and Faber, 1976.
- > I.Claude, Power and International Relations, New York, Random House, 1962.
- K.N.Waltz, Theory of International Politics, Reading Massachusetts, Addison-Wesley, 1979.
- ▶ K.N.Waltz, "The emerging structure of International Politics", International Security, 18,1993,
- > W.D.Coplin, Introduction to International Politics, Chicago, Markham, 1971.

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 राजनीति विज्ञान प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध

अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

इकाई 1 अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंध का अर्थ, प्रकृति व क्षेत्र; अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों के अध्ययन संबंधी उपागम–आदर्शवादी एवं यर्थाथवादी उपागम, अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों के कर्ता–राज्य और अन्य कर्ता।

इकाई 2 राष्ट्रीय शक्ति – राष्ट्रीय शक्ति से अभिप्राय और तत्व; शक्ति के लिये संघर्ष–शक्ति बनाये रखना, शक्ति विस्तार, शक्ति प्रदर्शन; शक्ति सन्तुलन–अभिप्राय, लक्षण और शक्ति संतुलन बनाये रखने के तरीके।

इकाई 3 शीत युद्ध–अर्थ, कारण एवं प्रकार; शीत युद्ध का अन्त; गुट निरपेक्षता की अवधारणा–उसकी उपलब्धियां, समस्याएँ एवं चुनौतियाँ; गुट निरपेक्ष आन्दोलन में भारत की भूमिका

इकाई 4 संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, साम्यवादी चीन और भारत की विदेश नीति की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ;संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका, साम्यवादी चीन और पाकिस्तान के साथ भारत के संबंध

इकाई 5 अंतर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति में प्रमुख समकालीन प्रवृत्तिया और मुद्दे; बदलता वैश्विक परिदृश्य–पर्यावरणवाद, भूमंडलीकरण, मानव अधिकार, निःशस्त्रीकरण, सार्क एवं आसियान

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Political Science Paper II Public Administration

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

Unit 1 Meaning, Scope and Nature of Public Administration; Evoluation of Public Administrationas a discipline; Public and Private Administration; Politics and Administration; New PublicAdministration; Methods and Approaches of Public Administration.

Unit 2 Administrative Behaviour : Leadership, Decision Making, Communication, Accountabilityand Motivation.

Unit 3 The concept of Bureaucracy and Civil Service; Role of Civil Service in developing Societies; Recruitment, Training and Promotion.

Unit 4 Budget: Concepts, Techniques, Formulation and Execution of Budget, Role of Finance Ministry. Accounts and Audit.

Unit 5 Legislative, Executive and Judicial Control over Administration; Public Administration in the age of Globalisation and Liberalisation

Recommended Readings

- > A.Avasthi and S.R.Maheswari, Public Administration, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal, 1996.
- > D.Waldo (ed.), Ideas and Issues in Public Administration, New York, Mc Graw Hill, 1953.
- > F.A.Nigro and L.S.Nigro, Modern Public Administration, New York, Harper & Row, 1984.
- > L.D.White, Introduction to the Study of Public Administration New York, Macmillian, 1955
- M.Bhattacharya, Public Administration : Structure, Process and Behaviour, Calcutta, The World Press, 1991.
- > P.H.Appleby, Policy and Administration, Alabama University of Albama Press, 1957.
- S.R.Maheshwari, Administrative Theories, New Delhi, Allied, 1994.

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 राजनीति विज्ञान द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र लोक प्रशासन

> अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

इकाई 1 लोक प्रशासन का अर्थ क्षेत्र और स्वरूप; एक विषय के रूप में लोक प्रशासन का उद्विकास; लोक प्रशासन एवं निजी प्रशासन; राजनीति और प्रशासन; नवीन लोक प्रशासन; लोक प्रशासन की अध्ययन पद्धतियां एवं उपागम । इकाई 2 प्रशासनिक व्यवहार —नेतृत्व, निर्णयन, संचार, जवाबदेहिता एवं अभिप्रेरणा। इकाई 3 नौकरशाही एवं लोकसेवा की अवधारणाएँ; विकासशील समाजों में लोकसेवा की भूमिका;भर्ती, प्रशिक्षण एवं पदोन्नति इकाई 4 बजट — अवधारणाएँ एवं तकनीकें, बजट निर्माण एवं क्रियान्वयन, वित्त मंत्रालय की भूमिका, लेखांकन और लेखापरीक्षण

इकाई 5 प्रशासन पर विधायी, कार्यकारी और न्यायिक नियंत्रण; भूमंडलीकरण और उदारीकरण के युग में लोकप्रशासन ।

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Sociology

Paper I 70 Marks Paper II 70 Marks Duration of each Paper 3 Hours

PAPER I ELEMENTARY SOCIAL RESEARCH

Unit 1: Social Research and Social Survey : Meaning and purpose, Major steps in social research; case study method.

Unit 2: Scientific methods and its applicability in social research, Concept, Hypothesis, Interdisciplinary approach

Unit 3: Techniques of data collection: Observation, interview, schedule and questionnaire

Unit 4: Sampling Processing and interpretation of data, Report writing

Unit 5: Elementary Statistics: Uses and limitations of Statistics and measures of central tendency

Note: One numerical question be set from Unit V

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- > Ahuja, Ram : Social Research
- > B.N.Ghosh : Scientific Method & Social Research.
- > C.L.Sharma : Samajik Anusandhan aur Saravekshan Padhathiya
- ➢ Goode and Hatt : Methods in Social Research
- > Hagood : Statistics for Sociologist
- Moser, C.A. : Survey Methods in Social Investigation
- Mueller & Schuessler Statistical Reasoning in Sociology
- Nachmias & Nachmias Research Methods in social sciences
- > Seltizz Jahoda & others : Research Methods in Social Relations
- > Young, P.V. : Scientific Social Survey and Research

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 समाज शास्त्र

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र अवधि 70 अंक 70 अंक 3 घण्टे

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

प्रारम्भिक सामाजिक अनुसंधान

इकाई 1 ः सामाजिक अनुसंधान और सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण ः अर्थ व उद्देश्य,सामाजिक अनुसंधान के मुख्य चरण; वैयक्तिक अध्ययन पद्धति

इकाई 2 : वैज्ञानिक पद्धति तथा सामाजिक अनुसंधान में इसकी प्रयोज्यता,अवधारणा, उपकल्पना, अन्तर्वेषयिक उपागम

इकाई 3 : तथ्य संकलन की प्रविधियां : अवलोकन, साक्षात्कार, अनुसूची एवं प्रश्नावली

इकाई 4 : निदर्शन

तथ्यों का व्यवस्थीकरण एवं व्याख्या, प्रतिवेदन लेखन

इकाई 5 : प्रारम्भिक सांख्यिकी : सांख्यिकी का प्रयोग व उसकी सीमाएं तथा केन्द्रीय प्रवृत्ति के माप

नोट : इकाई 5 से एक गणितीय प्रश्न दिया जाये ।

अभिस्तावित पुस्तकें

- ≻ गुडे व हाट : मेथड्स इन सोशल रिसर्च
- 🕨 हेगुड : स्टेटिस्टिक्स फॉर सोशियोलॉजिस्अ
- 🕨 यंग, पी.बी. : साइन्टिफिक सोशल सर्वे एण्ड रिसर्च
- ▶ नकमियास एवं नकमियास : रिसर्च मेथड्स इन सोश्यल साइंसेज
- ▶ मुलर एवं सिसलर : स्टेटिसटिकल रिजनिंग इन सोश्योलॉजी
- 🕨 सेल्टिज, जहोदा एवं अन्य : रिसर्च मेथड्स इन सोश्यल रिलेशन्स
- 🕨 मोजर, सी.ए. : सर्वे मेथड्स इन सोश्यल इन्वेस्टिगेशन
- 🕨 आहुजा, राम : सोशियल रिसर्च
- 🕨 सी.एल. शर्मा : सामाजिक अनुसंधान और सर्वेक्षण पद्धतियां
- ≻ बी. एन. घोष : साइन्टिफिक मेथड्स एण्ड सोश्यल रिसर्च

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Sociology PAPER II SOCIAL THINKERS

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

Unit 1: Auguste Comte: Meaning of Sociology, Law of three stages, Hierarchy of Sciences, Positivism

Unit 2: Karl Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Theory of class, Social Change, Alienation.

Unit 3: Emile Durkheim: Social fact, Division of Labour, Suicide, And Religion

Unit 4: Max Weber: Meaning of Sociology, Social Action, Ideal Type, Religion

Unit 5: Pitrim Sorokin: Sociology – Nature and Method, Theory of cultural change, Social Mobility.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

- > Abraham : Social Thinkers
- > Coser Lewis A Masters of sociological thought
- > Doshi and Jain : Pramukh Samajshastriya Vicharak-Comte se Meron Tak
- > Raymond Aron : Main Currents in Sociological Thought, 2 Volumes
- Shamboo Lal Doshi and P.C. Jain : Kari Marx, Max Weber, Emile Durkheim (In Hindi)

बी.ए. बीएड तृतीय वर्ष : 2023–24 समाज शास्त्र द्वितीय प्रश्न पत्र सामाजिक विचारक

अधिकतम अंक 70 समय 3 घंटा

- इकाई 1 : अगस्त काम्ट : समाजशास्त्र का अर्थ, तीन स्तरों का नियम, विज्ञानों का संस्तरण, प्रत्यक्षवाद
- इकाई 2 : कार्ल मार्क्स : द्वन्द्वात्मक भौतिकवाद, वर्ग का सिद्धान्त, सामाजिक परिवर्तन, अलगाव
- इकाई 3 : इमाइल दुर्खीम : सामाजिक तथ, श्रम विभाजन, आत्महत्या, धर्म
- इकाई 4 : मैक्स वैबर : समाजशास्त्र का अर्थ, सामाजिक क्रिया, आदर्श प्रारुप, धर्म
- इकाई 5 : पितरिम सोरोकिन : समाजशास्त्र –प्रकृत्ति एवं पद्धति; सांस्कृतिक परिवर्तन का सिद्धान्त, सामाजिक गतिशीलता

अभिस्तावित पुस्तकें :

- ≽ अब्राहम : सोशियल थिंकर्स
- ▶ रेमण्ड एरों : मेन करंट्स इन सोशियोलोजिकल थोट, दो वोल्यूम
- ≻ शम्भूलाल दोषी एवं पी. सी. जैन : कार्ल मार्क्स, मैक्स वैबर, इमाइल दुर्खीम (हिन्दी में)
- ▶ दोषी एवं जैन : प्रमुख समाजशास्त्रीय विचारक कॉम्ट से मर्टन तक
- 🕨 कोजर, लेविस ए. : मास्टरस् ऑफ सोश्योलॉजिकल थॉट्स

S.N	Paper	Name of the Paper	External	Internal	Total
1	First	Teaching, Learning & Assessment	70	30	100
2	Second	Gender Issues in Education	70	30	100
3	Third	Pedagogy Course I(Part I)	70	30	100
4	Fourth	Pedagogy Course II(Part I)	70	30	100
5	Fifth	Art & Aesthetics(EPC)	00	50	50
	Total				450
		Other Activities			
		(1)Five Microteaching Skills to be practiced before Internship (25 Marks)			
		(2)Co-curricular Activities (10 Marks)			
		(3)Open Air Session Two Days (10 Marks)			
		(4)Student-teacher's Multi-dimensional Appraisal (05 Marks)			150
		Internship Activities			
		(1)) One Week School Observation			
		(10 Marks)			
		(2) School Internship (Five Weeks) For Pedagogy Part- I & Pedagogy Part- II (30+30=60 Marks)			
		(3) Criticism Lesson (10+10=20 Marks)			
		(4) Action Research/Survey/Case study (Any one) (10 Marks)			
	Grand Total				600

Evaluation Plan for B.A.B.Ed III year's B.Ed. Papers

TEACHING SCHEME & CONTACT HOURS

Paper Contact Hours Per Week		Marks Theory	Sessionals	Duration of Exam
Paper I	4.5hrs (45 minutes 6 periods)	70	30	3 hrs.
Paper II	4.5hrs (45 minutes 6 periods)	70	30	3 hrs.
Paper III	4.5hrs (45 minutes 6 periods)	70	30	3 hrs.
Paper IV	4.5hrs (45 minutes 6 periods)	70	30	3 hrs.
Paper V	2.15 hrs (45 minutes 3 periods)		50	

NOTE-

- 1. InThird year of B.A B.Ed, School internship will be of six weeks.
- Candidate has to practice five skills (assigned by college) in microteaching as a part of pre internship activity. Each Skill will be performed twice as teach and reteach. They have to maintain the record of the micro lessons delivered.
- 3. Co-curricular & Extra-curricular activities must be spread all through the year which should also include special days' celebration.
- 4. To understand the local resources, people & community, an open air session of two days' will be conducted. It includes survey of that area as well as community work. Record of the work down is to be maintained.
- 5. Individual appraisal of the student-teachers will be done by the supervisor through a portfolio on some set criteria about their year-long activities, individual attributes & personal qualities like discipline, honesty, dedication, commitment etc.
- 6. Internship of 6 weeks includes initial six days for general observation of the ongoing school activities & classroom teaching of the host teachers.
- 7. The students will deliver at least 15 lessons of each pedagogy paper. It is expected that the students play the participative role in all school activities and take necessary responsibilities as and when required. If required they can take all vacant and required classes.
- 8. There will be two criticism lessons (one in each pedagogy subject) for the progressive assessment of the student-teacher.
- 9. The student-teacher will have to do an Action Research or Survey or a Case Study (Any one) as assigned by the concerned supervisor and will submit the report.

The internal assessment criteria in B.A.B.Ed III year's B.Ed. Papers will be as follows-

S.N	Name of the paper	Summative Assessment I(10Marks)	Summative Assessment II(10Marks)	Continuous/ formative Assessment (Activity / Practicum/ Field work)
1	Teaching, Learning & Assessment	10	10	Participation(5Marks) Documentation (5Marks)
2	Gender Issues in Education	10	10	Participation(5Marks) Documentation (5Marks)
3	Pedagogy Course I(Part I)	10	10	Participation(5Marks) Documentation (5Marks)
4	Pedagogy Course II(Part I)	10	10	Participation(5Marks) Documentation (5Marks)
5.	Art & Aesthetics(EPC)	10	10	Participation(15Marks) Documentation (15Marks)

NOTE-

Internal weight-age of 30 Marks will be divided as under:

- 1. Summative Tests: 20 Marks (There shall be two tests its marks shall be consider for internal assessment record)
- 2. Candidates will conduct/prepare a report of 2 activities in each paper carrying 5 marks for activities & 5 marks for their documentation.

Participation: (5 Marks) 2.5+2.5 Documentation: (5 Marks) 2.5+2.5

 For V Paper i.e. Art & Aesthetics(EPC)50 marks of Internal Assessment will be divided as under-20 Marks Two Summative Tests
 Marks 3X5=15 (Five Activities, Practicum/Field work)
 Marks 3X5=15 (Documentation of each Activity, Practicum/Field work)
 Total = 20+ 30= 50 Marks

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-I Teaching, Learning & Assessment

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

Objectives:

The student teacher will be able:

- To develop scientific attitude for the process of teaching & learning.
- To provide an overall view on teaching & learning style and ideas to enhance these activities.
- To develop insight for perfect teaching by its overall perspectives in detail.
- To understand assessing children's progress, both in terms of their psychological development and the criteria provided by the curriculum.
- Understand the different dimensions of learning and related assessment procedures, tools and techniques. Analyse, Manage and interpret assessment data.
- Assessment for culturally responsive Pedagogy in diverse classroom. Develop critical understanding of issues in assessment and explore, realistic, comprehensive and dynamic assessment process which are culturally responsive for use in the classroom.
- Develop enabling processes which lead to better learning and more confident and creative learners.
- Understand the critical role of assessment in enhancing learning Critiques the traditional purpose of assessment (as a mechanism to filter learners as per their abilities or potentials and thus reducing learning to a limited set of expertise that can be displayed on papers, assessment as a selective and competitive act and achievement as an outcome of individual's innate factors.)

COURSE CONTENT

Unit-1 Micro – Teaching, Teaching Skills and Instructional Strategies-

- 1. Micro teaching-Concept, meaning, characteristics, Phases, Micro-teaching cycle,
- 2. Teaching Skills-meaning and characteristics; Fluency in Questioning Skill, Introduction skill, skillof reinforcement, Skill of probing in Questioning, Skill of Stimulus Variation, Blackboard Writing Skill
- 3. Classroom instruction strategies- Introduction, Classification. Brain storming, Team teaching, Conference, Symposium, Seminar and workshop.

Unit -2 Effective Teaching and Teaching style:

1. Effective Teaching: Meaning, Component and Parameters of Effective Teaching, Principles of Teaching, 2. Teacher behaviour and classroom climate (Flanders' interaction analysis system) Teacherbehaviour, effect of Verbal and Non-Verbal behaviour of Teacher on students' learning.

- 3. Teaching for culturally diverse students, theory of culturally relevant pedagogy.
- 4. Creative Teaching: Meaning, concept and ways of teaching creatively.

5. Teaching Style: - Concept, Types and effect on learners' learning process, factor affecting teaching Style.

6. Use of out of class experiences of children in classroom teaching, Organisational climate and teaching.

Unit -3 Learning and Learning Style ::

- 1.Learning Meaning, and characteristics, factors influencing learning, Types of learning (Insight, Constructivist and Social), Tradition and changes in view of the learning process a shift from teaching to learning.
- 2. Principles of learning, Quality of learning.
- 3. Unlearning to learn
- 4. Role of teacher in teaching-learning situations: (a) Transmitter of knowledge (b) Teacher as a Role Model (c) Facilitator for Encouraging Children to Construct knowledge (Constructivist Approach)(d) Co-learner.
- 5. Role of motivation in learning Concept, Motivational Strategies to be used in classroom teaching.
- 6.Learning Style: concept, Types and importance in Teaching Learning process, factors affecting learning style.
- 7. Diversity among learners and learning needs (with reference to special needs).
- 8. Multilingual background: Concept, Multilingual background of children and its classroom implications.

Unit -4 ConceptAnd Types of Assessment:-

1.Meaning & concept of assessment, Measurement and Evaluation and Their Interrelationship, Purpose of Assessment (Prognostic, Monitoring of Learning, Providing Feedback, Promotion, Diagnosing), Principles of Assessment, and Perspectives.

2. Classification of assessment: Base on purpose (Prognostic, Formative, summative and Diagnostic), Scope (Teacher made, Standardized) Attribute measured (Achievement, Aptitude, Attitude, etc), Nature of information gathered (Qualitative, Quantitative) Mode of response (Oral and written, Nature of interpretation (norm referenced, criteria referenced).

3.Assessment of cognitive learning : Types and levels of Cognitive learning, understanding and application, thinking skills – convergent, divergent, critical, problem solving and decision making, items and procedures for their assessment .

4.Assessment of affective learning: Attitude, values, interest, self – concept; Procedures for their assessment.

5. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation: Concept, Need and Process.

6.Grading: Concept, types and Application, Indicators for grading Psycho-Social dimensions of assessment.

7. Individual appraisal through portfolio.

Unit -5Assessment Devices and practices:-

1.Use of projects, Assignments, Worksheet, Practical Work, and Performance based activities, seminars and reports as assessment devices.

2. Assessment of Group Processes – Cooperative Learning and Social Skills.

3. Self, Peer and Teacher Assessment.

4. Participatory assessment and community monitoring, critical analysis of prevalent practices of assessment.

5. Typology of questions; Activities and tasks (open-ended questions, MCQ, true and false, etc.) reflecting

- Problem solving, creative and critical thinking, enhancing imagination and environmental awareness.

6.Construction and Selection of items, Guidelines for administration and Scoring procedure (Manual and electronic), Construction of achievement test.

7. Analysis and interpretation of student's performance; calculation of percentage, measure of central tendency, percentile & percentile rank, graphical representations.

8. Relationship of assessment with self -esteem; motivation and identity as learner, assessment of fixed and growth mindsets.

9. Limitations of assessment- lock sided assessment, overemphasis on return assessment, stress on rote memorization, and overemphasis on competition.

Group-A PRACTICUM/FIELD WORK (Any one from the following):

- 1. Analysing the behaviour of your fellow student-teachers, find out how socio-cultural factors have influenced & shaped their learning.
- 2. Write a report about some best teachers in your past experiences & write some special features of their ways of teaching.
- 3. Conduct a case study of an individual (Educationally exceptional Differently-abled).
- 4. Conduct and interview of 02 students of multilingual background and list the problems face by them in classroom conditions.
- 5. Trace out some of the odd Non-Verbal behaviour of any 05 fellow student teachers.

Group –BPRACTICUM/FIELD WORK (Any one from the following):

1.Prepare a diagnostic test of any subject from upper primary to senior secondary level, give suggestions for improvement.

2. Presentation of papers on examination and evaluation policies.

- 3. Individual appraisal of a school student through portfolio.
- 4. Prepare an annual plan for continuous and comprehensive evaluation at upper primary to senior secondary level any subject.
- 5. Construction, administration and interpretation of self made achievement text.

References

- चौबे एस.पी, 2005,बाल विकास व मनोविज्ञान के मूलतत्व Concept Publishing Company Private Ltd, MahanGarden, New Delhi.
- ▶ भूषण भौलेन्द्र, 2007–08, भौक्षिक तकनीकी, अग्रवान पब्लिकेशन, आगरा–7
- 🕨 भार्मा डॉ. आर.ए., 2008, शिक्षा के मनोविज्ञान आधार, इंटरनेशनल पब्लिसिांग हाउस,मेरठ।
- 🕨 कुलश्रे ठ एस.पी., 2007–08, भौक्षिक तकनीकी के मूलआधार, अग्रवाल पब्लिकेशन, आगरा
- 🕨 ऑवेरॉय डॉ. एस. सी, 1999, शिक्षक तकनीकी के मूलतत्व, आर्य बुकडिपो, करोलबाग, नईदिल्ली
- ▶ भार्मा आर.ए., शिक्षण अधिनम में नवीन प्रवर्तन 2005, आर. लाल बुक डिपो, मेरठ।
- 🕨 भार्मा, आर.ए.2005, शिक्षण अधिगम में नवीन प्रवर्तन, आर.लाल बुक डिपो, मेरठ।
- 🕨 अस्थाना, विपिन (2009) मनोविज्ञान और िाक्षा में मापन एवं मूल्यांकन, अग्रवाल प्रकाशन, आगरा।
- 🕨 पाल, हसराज एवं भार्मा, मंजूलता (2009), मापन आकलन एवं मूल्यांकन शिक्षा प्रकाशन, जयपुर।
- > अनिलकूमार शिक्षा मे मापन एवं मुल्यांकन रजत प्रकाशन, दिल्ली।
- 🕨 पाण्डेय, भीघर (2010), शिक्षा में मापन मूल्यांकन, भवदीय प्रकाशन, कैजावाद।
- 🕨 भार्मा ज्याति (2009) भौक्षिक मापन एवं मूल्यांकन, अग्रवाल प्रकाशन, आगरा।
- Bhatnagar, Dr. A.B, bhatnagar, Dr.Meehakshi, bhatnagar anurag, 2008, Development of learner and teaching learning process, R.lal book, depot, Meerut.
- East, Lorna M. Assessment as learning sage pub. 2010
- Ecclestone, Kathryn. Transforming formative assessment in life long learning. McGrauH,II. Eng.2010
- Mathur, Dr. S.S, Mathur, Dr. Anju.2007-2008 development of learner and teaching learning process, agrawal publication Agra.
- > Paul, Black (2012). Assessment for learning McGraw.

- Rao. V.K, reddy, R.s. 1992, learning and teaching commonwealth publishers, New Delhi.
- Shrama R.A., ARYA -2008, mega trends in instructional technology,(Programmed instruction Elearning, local book depot, Meerut (up)
- Siddiqui, mujebulhasan, 2009, teachings of teaching (classroom teaching). APH publishing, New Delhi.

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-II Gender Issues in Education

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

Objectives:

The student teacher will be able to:

- Develop basic understanding and familiarity with key concepts-gender, gender bias, gender stereotype, empowerment, gender parity, equity and equality, patriarchy and feminism.
- Understand the gradual paradigm shift from women's studies to gender studies and some important landmarks in connection with gender and education in the historical and contemporary period.
- Learn about gender issues in school, curriculum and textual materials across disciplines, pedagogical processes and its intersection with class, caste, religion and region.
- Understand how gender, power and sexuality are related to education (in terms of access, curriculum and pedagogy).
- Develop an understanding of the paradigm shift from women studies to gender studies, based on the historical backdrop.
- construct critically the impact of policies programmes and scheme for promotion of gender equality and empowerment.
- Apply the conceptual tools learnt regarding gender and sexuality to understand issues related to Sexual Harassment at the workplace and Child Sexual Abuse.
- Develop an understanding of different theories on gender and education and relate it to power relations. The institutions involved in socialisation processes would be analysed to see how socialisation practices impact power relations and identity formation.
- Understand how gender relates to education and schooling. The students will be able to understand on how school as an institution addresses gender concerns in curriculum, textual materials and pedagogy. It will enable the student to draw linkages between life skills and sexuality.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit 1: Gender Issues: Key Concepts

- 1. Concepts and terms Relate them with their context in understanding the power relations: Gender, Sex, Sexuality, Patriarchy, Masculinity and Feminism
- 2. Gender Bias, Gender Stereo typing and empowerment.
- 3. Equity and equality in relation with caste, class, religion, ethnicity, disability and regional disparity.

Unit 2: Gender Studies: Paradigm Shifts

- 1. Paradigm shift from women's studies to gender studies.
- 2. Historical background: Some landmarks from social reform movements of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries with focus on women's experiences of education.
- 3. Contemporary period: Recommendations of policy initiatives, commissions and committees, schemes, programmes and plans.

Unit 3: Gender And Education

- 1. Theories on Gender and Education: Socialisation, Gender difference, Structural and Deconstructive.
- 2. Gender Identities and Socialisation Practices in: Family, Schools and Society.
- **3.** Schooling of Girls: Inequalities and resistances (issues of access, retention and exclusion).

Unit 4: Gender Issues In Curriculum

- 1. Gender, Culture and Institution: Intersection of class, caste, religion and region.
- 2. Gender stereotypes in curriculum framework & Text-Books.
- 3. Role of Teacher in the context of gender sensitivity.

Unit 5: Gender, Sexuality, Sexual Harassment and Abuse

- 1. Development of sexuality, including primary influences in the lives of children (such as gender, body image, role models).
- 2. Understanding the importance of addressing sexual harassment in family, neighbourhood and other formal and informal institutions.
- **3.** Agencies perpetuating violence: Family, school, work place and media (print and electronic), Institutions redressing sexual harassment and abuse.

Practicum/Field Work(Any two from the following)

- 1. Observe a co-educational class room and pick out the gender biased behavior /situation/comments and conclude the report.
- 2. List some examples of gender discrimination in the prevalent society.
- 3. Conduct an interview of a girl student facing inequality and resistances in family and society and also mention how it affects her aspirations.
- 4. Debate on women role models in various fields with emphasis on women in unconventional roles.
- 5. Prepare a biography a women role model of yours and also mention how she phased out her life struggle.

References

- > A. banon. Robent (2010) social psychology, pearson education New Delhi
- Delpit, L.D. (2012) Multiplication is for white people: raising expectations for other people's children, the new press.
- Deng, Z (2013) School subjects and academic disciplines. In A. Luke, A. Woods &Wer(Eds.),Curriculum syllabus design and equity:A primer and model. Routledge.
- GOI.(1966).Report of the education commission:Education and national development. New Delhi: ministry of education.
- ➢ GOI (1986).National policy of education.GOI.
- GOI. (1992, 1998), National policy on education, 1986 (As modified in 1992). Retrieved from http://mhrd.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/NPE86-mod92.pdf
- Soswami. Acharyabalchand, (2003), vyaktiprivar and sex jaina publication Jaipur.
- Malik, C.D, (2008) social and political thought Dr. B.R. ambedkar, arise publishers and distribuators, New Delhi
- Mathursavitri (2008), sociological foundation of education, kavitaprakashan, Jaipur.

- Menon, N.(2012)seeing like a feminist. India: Penguin.
- Mudgal S.D. (2007), social work education today and tomorrow, book enclave, jaipur
- > Naik, S.C.(2005) society and environment, oxford & 1B publishing co.Pvt.ltd.New Delhi
- Nathpramanikrathindra, (2006), gender Lhequality and women's empowerment, abhijeet publication Delhi
- Nirantar. (2010) textbook regimes: A feminist critique of nation and identity. New Delhi
- Runelasatypal, (2009), sociogy of the Indian education, rajadthanhindigranthakadmi, jaipur
- Sidhuramindra, (2009), sociology of education, shrisaiprintographers, New Delhi
- > www.teachernetwork.org/tnli/accomplishment
- www.gender.com.ac.uk
- > www.genderstuddies.org.
- > www.genderparddigm.com/publiscation/html.
- > www.sparknotes.com/sociology/socialization/section4/rhtml.
- > www.unicef/org/sower96/ngirls.html.
- > www.jaipurrugs.org./about/our-story.

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-III & IV Pedagogy of Hindi (Part I)

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

पाठयक्रम के उद्देश्य

भाषा की अलग-अलग भूमिकाओं को जानना भाषा सीखने की सृजनात्मक प्रक्रिया को जानना भाषा के स्वरूप और व्यवस्था को समझना भाषा और साहित्य के संबंध को जानना हिंदी भाषा के विविध रूपों और अभिव्यक्तियों को जानना हिंदी भाषा के विविध रूपों और अभिव्यक्ति करना भाषायी बारीकियों के स्वतंत्र अभिव्यक्ति करना भाषायी बारीकियों के प्रति संवेदनशील होना अनुवाद के महत्त्व और भूमिका को जानना विद्यार्थियों की सृजनात्मक क्षमता को पहचानना बच्चों की भाषायी विकास के प्रति समझ बनाना और उसे समुन्नत करने के लिए विद्यालय में तरह–तरह के मौके जुटाना भाषा के मूल्यांकन की प्रक्रिया को जानना साहित्यिक और गैर साहित्यिक मौलिक रचनाओं की समझ और सराहना भाषा सीखने–सिखाने के सृजनात्मक दृष्टिकोण को समझना

विषयवस्तु

इकाई – 1: हिंदी भाषा की प्रकृति व विशयपरकता

- 1) समाज में भाषा -
 - (अ) भाषा और लिंग
 - (ब) भाषा और अस्मिता
 - (स) भाषा और वर्ग

2) विद्यालय में भाषा -

- (अ) घर की भाषा और स्कूल की भाषा व विशयवस्तु समझने में उनकी भूमिका
- (ब) ज्ञान सृजन और भाषा
- (स) विषय के रूप में भाषा व माध्यम के रूप में भाषा अन्तर

3) संविधान और शिक्षा समितियों की रिपोर्ट में भाषा तथा भाषाओं की स्थिति

(अ) धारा 343–351

(ब) कोठारी कमीशन (1964–1966) ,राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति –1986, पी.ओ.ए.–1992,

इकाई – 2: स्कूली विशय के रुप में हिंदी भाषा

- 1. हिंदी भा ॥ िक्षिण के उद्दे य।
- 2. स्कूली विशय के रुप में हिंदी भाषा िाक्षण की चुनौतियाँ
- 3. रोचकता के साथ िक्षिण

4ण स्कूली स्तर पर भाशा को समृद्ध व सहज बनाने के उपाय

5 सामान्यपाठ योजना के चरण व पाठ िाक्षण के संदर्भ में उद्दे य लेखन

इकाई – 3: हिंदी भाषा को सीखने सिखाने की पद्धतियाँ/तरीके भाषा सीखने सिखाने की विभिन्न दृष्टियाँ –

- 1. भाषा अर्जन और अधिगम का दार्शनिक, सामाजिक और मनोवैज्ञानिक आधार
- 2. भाषा अर्जन के तरीके
- 3. भाषा शिक्षण की प्रचलित विधियाँ/प्रणालियाँ और उनका विश्लेषण व्याकरण अनुवाद प्रणाली ,प्रत्यक्ष प्रणाली ,ढाँचागत प्रणाली ,प्राकृतिक प्रणाली ,आगमन–निगमन प्रणाली

इकाई – 4ः हिंदी भाषा के अधिगम आधार व शिक्षा शास्त्रीय विश्लेषण

1. भाषायी दक्षताएँ– सुनना, बोलना , पढ़ना और लिखना

सुनना और बोलना – सम्प्रत्यय, सुनने और बोलने के कौशल विकास के स्रोत और सामग्री, रोल प्ले, कहानी सुनना, संवाद, मल्टीमीडिया तथा मौलिक सामग्री की सहायता से संप्रेषणात्मक वातावरण का निर्माण।

पढ़ना – सम्प्रत्यय, मौन और मुखर पठन, गहन–पठन, विस्तृत पठन, पढ़ने के कौशल विकास मे सृजनात्मक साहित्य (कहानी, कविता आदि) ,शब्दकोश और इन्साइक्लोपीडिया का उपयोग।

लिखना –सम्प्रत्यय, लिखने के चरण, लेखन–प्रक्रिया, सृजनात्मक लेखन, औपचारिक और अनौपचारिक लेखन (कहानी, कविता, संवाद, डायरी, पत्र, रिपोर्ट, समाचार आदि)।

2. स्कूली विषय के रुप में हिंदी भाषा की निम्नलिखित विशयवस्तु का अध्ययन कर उनको पढाये जाने के तरीकों पर सामान्य विमर्1।

हिंदी भाषाः वर्णमाला, सन्धि, काल, पल्लवन, पत्र लेखन, गद्य एवं पद्य की समीक्षा।

इकाई —5: हिंदी भाषा में मूल्यांकन 1.मूल्याकंन का अर्थ एवं विशेषताएं । 2. प्रश्नों का स्वरूप, प्रश्नों के आधार बिंदु — समस्या समाधन संबंधी , सृजनात्मक चिंतन , समालोचनात्मक चिंतन, कल्पनाशीलता को जीवित करने वाले, परिवेशीय सजगता वाले प्रश्न। 3.भाषा विकास की प्रगति का आकलन— सतत् और समग्र मूल्यांकन, स्वमूल्यांकन, आपसी मूल्यांकन, समूह मूल्यांकन, पोर्टफोलियो,ब्लू प्रिंट।

4.फीडबैक (विद्यार्थी, अभिभावक और अध्यापक) और रिपोर्ट।

गतिविधि/पोर्टफोलियो/परियोजना कार्य (कोई दो)

 हिंदी में लिखित किसी भी लेख के विभिन्न पक्षों का अध्ययन कर उसी भौली का एक अन्य लेख किसी अन्य भाव पर केन्द्रित कर लिखें।

2. कक्षा को दो दलों में बाँटकर एक भाब्द के अधिकतम पर्यायवाची बताने की प्रतियोगिता का आयोजन करें व विजेता दल की घोषणा करें व उस पर रिपोर्ट तैयार करें।

3. बालकों की पारिवारिक पृश्ठभूमि के संम्बन्ध में संवाद स्थापित करते हुए उनके भाशा कौशल को परिवेशगत प्रभाव के आधार पर परखिए।

4. किसी विशयवस्तु पर विविध प्रश्नों का समावेश करते हुए 25 अंको के एक मूल्यांकन प्रश्न पत्र का निर्माण करना।

5. हिन्दी व संस्कृत की वर्णमाला का तुलनात्मक अध्ययन कर दोनों के बीच में समानताओं व असमानताओं पर टिप्पणियाँ लिखो।

संदर्भ पुस्तकें :

- 🌶 हिन्दी शिक्षण रमन बिहारीलाल
- ≻ हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण भाई योगेन्द्रजीत
- > माध्यमिक विद्यालयों में हिन्दी शिक्षण निरंजनकुमार सिंह
- > हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण भोलानाथ तिवारी तथा कैलाशचंद भाटिया
- ≻ भाषा शिक्षण रविन्द्रनाथ श्रीवास्तव
- 🕨 मानक हिन्दी व्याकरण आचार्य रामचन्द्र वर्मा
- > भाषा ब्लूम फील्ड
- 🕨 शुद्ध हिन्दी डॉ0 भागीरथ मिश्र
- 🕨 हिन्दी उच्चारण एवं वर्तनी भगवती प्रसाद शुक्ल
- > हन्दी की ध्वनियों और उनका शिक्षण के.के.सुखिया
- > अभिव्यक्ति विज्ञान भोलानाथ तिवारी तथा कृष्ण दत्त शर्मा
- 🕨 व्यावहारिक हिन्दी व्याकरण हरदेव बाहरी
- ≻ नागरी लिपि और हिन्दी वर्तनी अनन्त चौधरी
- 🕨 शब्दार्थ दर्शन रामचन्द्र वर्मा
- > भाषा सम्प्राप्ति मूल्यांकन के.जी.रस्तोगी
- ≻ हिन्दी शब्दानुशासन किशोरीदास वाजपेयी

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-III & IV Pedagogy of English (Part I)

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

Objectives

The student teacher will be able to:

- Understand the Nature & Role of English language
- Understand the pronunciation patterns in English
- Understand the linguistic behaviour of the individual and the society
- Understand the different roles of language
- Understand the relation between literature and language
- To be able to develop creativity among learners
- To be able to examine authentic literary and non literary texts and develop insight and appreciation
- Understand the use of language in context, such as grammar and vocabulary
- To be able to develop activities and tasks for learners
- Understand the importance of home language and school language
- To be able to use multilingualism as a strategy in the classroom situation
- Understand about the teaching of Poetry, Prose and Drama
- Identify methods, approaches and materials for teaching English at different levels
- Understand constructive approach to language teaching and learning
- Understand the process of language assessment
- Familiarise students with our rich culture, heritage and aspects of our contemporary life

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT 1: Nature & Role of English Language as a discipline

- 1. Nature of English language, English as a global language.
- 2. Objectives of Teaching English at Secondary and Senior Secondary.
- 3. Pronunciation—linguistic diversity, its impact on English Speech and writing, Understanding symbolical coding for pronunciation.
- 4. <u>LINGUISTIC SYSTEM</u>: The organisation of sounds; The structure of sentences; The concept of Universal grammar; Nature and structure of meaning; Basic concept in phonology, morphology, Syntax and semantics.
- 5. <u>LANGUAGE IN SCHOOL</u>: Home language and School language; Medium of understanding (child's own language); Language and construction of knowledge; Difference between language as a school- subject and language as a means of learning and communication; Critical review of Medium of Instruction.
- 6.CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS AND POLICIES OF LANGUAGE EDUCATION: Position of Languages in India; Articles 343-351; Kothari Commission (1964-66); NPE-1986; POA-1992; National Curriculum Framework-2005 (language education).

UNIT 2: POSITION OF ENGLISH IN INDIA

ROLE OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE IN THE INDIAN CONTEXT:

- 1. Position of English as second language in India
- 2. English and Indian languages
- 3. Challenges of teaching and learning English
- 4. Formal & informal learning of English
- 5. Understanding the following labels used in the dictionaries in Indian context

Approving, Disapproving, Figurative, Formal, Humorous, Informal, Ironic, Literary, Offensive, Rare Slang, Spoken, Technical, Written, Taboo, Old fashioned, Old use, AmE, BrE, Dialect.

UNIT 3: AN OVERVIEW OF LANGUAGE TEACHING & MEDHODOLOGIES

1.DIFFERENT APPROACHES/THEORIES TO LANGUAGE LEARNING AND TEACHING (MT&SL)

Philosophical, social and psychological bases of approaches to Language acquisition and Language learning; whole language approach; constructive approach.

2. LANGUAGE TEACHING METHODOLOGIES AND APPROACHES:

Grammar translation method, Direct method ,Structural-situational method, Audio-lingual method, Natural method, Communicative approach, inductive and deductive approach;

UNIT 4: ACQUISITION OF LANGUAGE SKILLS FOR ENGLISH AS A SCHOOL SUBJECT

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1. A surface discussion of the contents of grammar at Secondary & Senior Secondary level & the inter linkages of the topics.

- 2. Ways of Building Vocabulary.
- 3. Dictionary as a formal source of vocabulary building

INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN

- 1. Steps for teaching a prose and poetry.
- 2. Unit Plan.
- 3. Daily Lesson Plan.

ACQUISITION OF LANGUAGE SKILLS (In reference to English):: Listening, speaking, reading and writing.

- 1.Listening and Speaking: Concept, Tasks, Materials and resources for developing the listening and speaking skills: Storytelling, dialogues, situational conversations, role plays, speech, pictures, authentic materials and multimedia resources.
- 2.Reading:Concept, Importance of understanding the development of reading skills; Reading aloud and silent reading; Extensive and intensive reading.
- 3.Writing: Concept, Stages and Process of writing; Formal and Informal writing, such as poetry, short story, letter, diary, notices, articles, reports, Reference skills.
- 4. Major barriers of Listening, Speaking, Reading & Writing.
- 5. Prevalent practices in Indian classrooms for developing Listening, Speaking, Reading & Writing skills & challenges.
- 6. Innovative practices in developing LSRW skills.

UNIT 5: Evaluation Strategies of English

- 1. Evaluation: Meaning and concept.
- 2. Typology of questions; Activities and tasks (open-ended questions, MCQ, true and false etc.) reflecting—Problem solving, creative and critical thinking, Enhancing imagination and environmental awareness.
- 3. Progress and assessment of development of language; Continuous and comprehensive evaluation; Techniques of evaluation—oral, written, portfolio; Cloze test, Self evaluation; Peer evaluation; Group evaluation, Blue print.

Activities/Practicum/Fieldwork (Any two of the following)

- 1. Take a few passages from Science, Social Science and Maths textbooks of Classes VI to VII and analyse:
- (i) How the different forms of language have been introduced?
- (ii) Does the language clearly convey the meaning of the topic being discussed?
- (iii) Is the language learner-friendly?
- (iv) Is the language too technical?
- (v) Does it help in language learning?

Now write an analysis based on the above issues.

- 2. Do a survey of two schools (Secondary or Senior Secondary) in your neighbourhood to find out the challenges faced by the teachers and the learners in the teaching-learning process of English. The survey may be based on types of books introduced, family support in learning, school resources support, teaching strategies, learning hurdles etc. Prepare the findings in report form.
- Find out some of the following labels/words used in your English text book: Approving, Disapproving, Figurative, Formal, Humorous, Informal, Ironic, Literary, Offensive, Rare Slang, Spoken, Technical, Written, Taboo, Old fashioned, Old use, AmE, BrE, Dialect. Analyse them in your local understanding & context.
- 4. Keeping in view the needs of the children with special needs prepare two activities for English teaching.
- 5. Picking up a child from family/School Prepare a portfolio of any exceptional child/specially-abled/slow learner about his/her developmental aspects of language.

References:

- > Bansal, R.K. and Harrison, J.B. (1972): Spoken English for India. Madras: Orient Longman Ltd.
- > Baruah, T.C. (1985): The English Teachers' Handbook, New Delhi: Sterling Publishing Pvt. Ltd.
- > Bright and McGregor: Teaching English as Second Language, Longman.
- > Brumfit, C.J. (1984): Communicative Methodology in Language Teaching. Cambridge: C.U.P.
- > Collins Cobuild English Grammar (2000) Harper Collins Publisher, India.
- > Doff, A. (1988): Teach English: Cambridge: CUP.
- > Freeman, Diane-Larsen (2000): Techniques and Principles in Language Teaching. Oxford: OUP
- > Gimson A.C. (1980): An Introduction to the Pronunciation of English. London: Edward Arnold.
- > Hornby, A..S. (1968): A Guide to Patterns and Usage in English. Oxford: OUP.
- > Lado, Robert (1971) Language Teaching, New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill Publishing House Co. Ltd.
- > Leech, Geoffrey and Svartvik, (2000) Communicative Grammar of English Cambridge C.U.P.
- > Paliwal, A.K. (1998): English Language Teaching, Jaipur: Surbhi Publication.
- > Palmer, H.L. (1964-65): The Principles of Language Study, London: O.U.P.
- > Quirk, Randolph and Greenbaum, (1973): A University Grammar of English, London.

- Richards, J.C. and Rodgers, T.S.: Approaches and Methods in Language Teaching, Cambridge C.U.P.
- > Roach, Peter, (1991): English Phonetics and Phonology. Cambridge, C.U.P.
- > Thomson, A.J. and Martinet (1998) A Practical English Grammar, ELBS, O.U.P.
- > Ur, P. 1996. A Course in Language Teaching. Cambridge: CUP.
- > Venkateshwaran, S (1995) Principles of Teaching English. Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-III & IV Pedagogy of Sanskrit (Part I)

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

Objectives:

The student teacher will be able to:

- · Understand the different roles of language
- · Understand the relation between literature and language
- · To be able to develop creativity among learners
- To be able to examine authentic literary and non literary texts and develop insight and appreciation
- Understand the use of language in context, such as grammar and vocabulary
- To be able to develop activities and tasks for learners

• Understand the importance of home language and school language and role of mother tongue in education

- To be able to use multilingualism as a strategy in the classroom situation
- · Understand about the teaching of poetry, prose and drama
- Identify methods, approaches and materials for teaching Sanskrit at different levels
- Understand constructive approach to language teaching and learning
- Understand the process of language assessment

• Familiarise students with our rich culture, heritage and aspects of our contemporary life. Language classroom and texts have a lot of scope to make students sensitive towards surroundings, people and the nation

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT 1: Nature & Role of Sanskrit as a Discipline

1. SANSKRIT LANGUAGE: Concept, Nature & Origin & Development

2. LANGUAGE IN SCHOOL:

- a) Concept of home language and the school language
- b) Language and construction of knowledge

c) Difference between language as a school-subject and language as a means of learning and communication

d. Objectives of teaching Sanskrit.

3. CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS AND POLICIES OF LANGUAGE EDUCATION:

1) Position of languages in India

2) Constitutional provisions and policies of language education (Articles 343, 351, 350A)

3) Kothari Commission (1964-66); National Curriculum Framework-2005 (language education)

UNIT 2: POSITION OF SANSKRIT LANGUAGE AS A SCHOOL SUBJECT IN INDIA

1. ROLE OF SANSKRIT LANGUAGE IN INDIA:

- a) Origin, development, Changing trends & goals in Sanskrit Language.
- b) Sanskrit language and Indian languages
- c) Socio-cultural importance of Sanskrit language.
- d) Importance and problem of teaching Sanskrit in India.
- e) Sanskrit at International level.

2. Instructional Design plan

1. Instructional Design of prose, poetry and grammar based lessons.

UNIT 3: AN OVERVIEW OF LANGUAGE TEACHING & METHODOLOGIES

- 1. Philosophical, social and psychological bases of approaches to Language, Acquisition and Language learning
- 2. TEACHING METHODOLOGIES AND APPROACHES:

Direct Method, Traditional Method, Textbook Method, Elective Method, Communicative Approach, Grammar Translation Method, Inductive and deductive approach.

UNIT 4: ACQUISITION OF LANGUAGE SKILLS FOR SANSKRIT AS A SCHOOL SUBJECT

1. GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- a. A surface discussion of the contents of grammar at Secondary & Senior Secondary level & the inter linkages of the topics.
- b. Ways of vocabulary enrichment
- c. Memorisation as a traditional Practice in Sanskrit.

d.Understanding Panini 4ikf.kuh¹/₂ approach of teaching grammar & seeing it in modern context.

2. ACQUISITION OF LANGUAGE SKILLS (In reference to Sanskrit) :

Listening, speaking, reading and writing.

a .Listening and Speaking: Concept, Tasks, Materials and resources for developing the listening and speaking skills: Storytelling, dialogues, situational conversations, role plays, speech, pictures, authentic materials and multimedia resources.

b.Reading:Concept, Importance of understanding the development of reading skills; Reading aloud and silent reading; Extensive and intensive reading.

- c.Writing: Concept, Stages and Process of writing; Formal and Informal writing, such as poetry, short story, letter, diary, notices, articles, reports, Reference skills.
- d. Major barriers of Listening, Speaking, Reading & Writing.
- e. Prevalent practices in Indian classrooms for developing Listening, Speaking, Reading & Writing skills & challenges.
- f. Innovative practices in developing LSRW skills.
- g. Psychological misconceptions for learning Sanskrit.

UNIT 5: Evaluation Strategies of Sanskrit

1. Evaluation: Meaning and concept.

2. Typology of questions; Activities and tasks (open-ended questions, MCQ, true and false etc.) reflecting—Problem solving, creative and critical thinking, Enhancing imagination and environmental awareness.

3. Progress and assessment of development of language; Continuous and comprehensive evaluation; Techniques of evaluation—oral, written, portfolio; Cloze test, Self evaluation; Peer evaluation; Group evaluation, Blue print.

Practicum/activities/Field work (Any Two of the following)

- 1. Take a few passages from Sanskrit textbooks of Classes VI to VII and analyse:
 - (i) How the different forms of language have been introduced?
 - (ii) Does the language clearly convey the meaning of the topic being discussed?
 - (iii) Is the language learner-friendly?
 - (iv) Is the language too technical?
 - (v) Does it help in language learning?

Now write an analysis based on the above issues.

- 2. Survey two schools (Secondary or Senior Secondary) in your neighbourhood to find out the challenges faced by the teachers and the learners in the teaching-learning process of Sanskrit. The survey may be based on introduction level of subject, school resources support, teaching strategies, learning hurdles, psychological & socio-cultural aspects etc. Prepare the findings in report form.
- 3. Collect interesting folktales in Sanskrit and tell half story to the students & leave the another half to imaginatively anticipate it. Find the interesting conclusions & write down your class experiences.
- 4. Keeping in view the needs of the children with special needs prepare two activities for Sanskrit teaching.
- 5. Picking up a child from family/School Prepare a portfolio of any exceptional child/specially-abled/slow learner about his/her developmental aspects of language.

REFERENCES

- > Apte, D.G.and Dongre, P.K. Teaching of Sanskrit in Secondary School.
- ▶ ब्लूम फील्ड, अनुवादक–प्रसाद, डॉ0 विश्वनाथ,{1968}'भाषा'दिल्ली–7 बंगलो रोड जवाहरनगर ।
- Bokil, V.P. and Parason, M.R.: A New Approach to Sanskrit, Lokasangrapa Press, Poona.
- ≽ चौबे, बी.एन. संस्कृत शिक्षण
- ≽ चतुर्वेदी एस.आर. संस्कृत शिक्षण
- K.Verma Raja : Teaching of Sanskrit.
- ➤ Kale, M.R. : The Higher Sanskrit Grammar.
- > Lado, Robert (1961). "Language Teaching". London : Longman.
- 🕨 मित्तल, सन्तोष (1999–2000), संस्कृत शिक्षण, मेरठ, आर लाल डिपो।
- 🕨 नारंग, वैश्ना (1996), सम्प्रेषणात्मक भाषा शिक्षण, नई दिल्ली प्रकाशन संस्थान दयानंद मार्ग।
- 🕨 सफाया आर.एन. (1990), संस्कृत शिक्षण, चण्डीगढ़, हरियाणा साहित्य अकादमी।
- Sharma, Bela Rani, (2002) "Modern Methods of Teaching Sanskrit". New Delhi 110088.

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-III & IV Pedagogy of Social Sciences (Part I)

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

OBJECTIVES

The student teacher will be able to:

- Understand the aims and objectives of teaching Social Science.
- Develop an understanding of the nature of social sciences as, an individual and integrated disciplines.
- Encourage to grasp concepts and to develop thinking skills.
- Define and differentiate the concept of Social Science and explain its relative position in the Syllabus.
- Evaluate the existing school syllabus of Social Science.
- Review the Text-book of Social Science (Secondary level).
- Apply appropriate methods and techniques of teaching particular topics at different levels.
- Prepare; select and utilize different teaching aids.
- Perform Pedagogical Analysis of various topics in social science at secondary level.
- Understand the concept of multiple assessment techniques.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit 1: Social Sciences as a Discipline

- 1. Meaning, Concept, Nature, Need and Scope of social sciences.
- 2. Historical development of social sciences as a discipline.
- 3. Correlation of Social Sciences with other School Subjects.

Unit 2: Social science as a school subject

- 1. Importance of social science in school curriculum.
- 2. Aims & objectives of teaching social science at secondary level. Writing objectives in behavioural terms.
- 3. Changing trends and goals of teaching social science with reference to N.C.F. 2005.
- 4. Unit Plan & Daily Lesson Plan.

Unit 3: Methodology of Social Sciences

- 1. Methods : Lecture, Project, Problem solving, Discussion, Questioning, Dramatization, Role Plays, Story-Telling, Excursion and team teaching.
- 2. Planning, Organizing and Conduction of small community survey.

Unit 4: Pedagogical Analysis and mode of learning Engagement

1. Pedagogical analysis of the units with reference to concepts, learning outcomes, activities and learning experiences and evaluation techniques of following content at secondary level i.e. planning for teaching following contents at different level -

Indian Culture, Values and Sanskar, Social Institutions - Family, School, Community,

Discrimination, Fundamentals of democratise society, Local Custom and Traditions.

2. Modes of learning engagement in social studies -

- a. Providing opportunities for group activities
- b. Teaching aids and activities in laboratory work.
- c. Library survey
- d. Field trips.

Unit 5: Assessment & Evaluation of Social Sciences

1. Evaluation: Meaning and Concept.

- 2. Continuous and comprehensive evaluation (CCE) in social sciences at secondary level.
- 3. Construction of achievement test/question paper and blue print.

4. Difficulties Faced by the teacher in evaluation process and suggestive measures to overcome them.

Practicum/Field Work (Any two of the following)

- 1. Identify and interprete news related to positive social changes or initiation.
- 2. A Panel discussion "good social environment for good ecological environment."
- 3. Conduct a community survey on some existing social problem and find out the reasons of the problem.
- 4. Write a reflective journal on the effect of globalisation in villages (specified village).

5. Choose any one area of social science (History, Geography, Economics & Civics) & prepare a portfolio of any one eminent personality of that subject.

References

- 🕨 व्यागी,गुरूसरनदास,(2007–08),"समाजिक अध्ययन शिक्षक,"प्रेमलता प्रिण्टर्स, आगरा।
- ▶ भार्मा, हनुमान सहाय,(2005),"समाजिक पर्यावरण अध्ययन शिक्षक," राधा प्रका ान मन्दिर पर ाुरापुरी, आगरा 282002।
- 🕨 मिश्रा, महेन्द्र कुमार,(2008),"समाजिक अध्ययन शिक्षक,"क्लासिक कलैक ान, जयपुर।
- 🕨 भौदा बी.डी, भौदा ए.के,"सामाजिक अध्ययन शिक्षक," आर्य बुक डिपो, करोल बाग नई दिल्ली–11005।
- 🕨 पाण्डेय,सोहनलाल,(2006),"सामाजिक विज्ञान शिक्षक," याम प्रकाशन, जयपुर।
- 🕨 तायल बी.बी, (2002),"न्यूकोर्स सामाजिक विज्ञान," आर्य पब्लिकेशन, करोल बाग नई दिल्ली–110005।
- 🕨 गर्ग, भवरलाल (1995),"सामाजिक विज्ञान शिक्षक," विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा।
- > Bedi Yesh Pal, (1980), "social and preventive medicine", Atma ram sons, karmese gate, Delhi
- > Chitambar J.B, (1987), "Introductory Rural Sociology" Wiley Eastern Limited. New Bangalore
- Sanguli B.N, (1977), Social Development" AB/9 Safdarjang Enclave, New Delhi
- Gilby Thomas, (1953)," Between community and socity" Longmans, Green and co. London, New York
- Reddy L. Venkateswara, (2005), "methods of Teaching Rural Sociology" Discovery Publishing House, 4831/24, Anrari Road, Prahlad street Darya Ganj, New Delhi

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-III& IV Pedagogy of Civics (Part I)

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

OBJECTIVES

Student-teachers will be able to:-

- Understand the aims and objectives of teaching Civics.
- Develop an understanding of the nature of Civics.
- Encourage to grasp concepts and to develop thinking skills.
- Define and differentiate the concept of Civics and explain its relative position in the Syllabus.
- Evaluate the existing school syllabus of Civics.
- Review the Text-book of Civics (Secondary level).
- Apply appropriate methods and techniques of teaching particular topics at different levels.
- Prepare; select and utilize different teaching aids.
- Perform Pedagogical Analysis of various topics in Civics at secondary level.
- Understand the concept of multiple assessment techniques.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit 1: Civics as a Discipline

- 1. Meaning, Concept, Need, Nature and Scope of Civics.
- 2. Historical development of Civics as a discipline.
- 3. Importance of Studying Civics in the context of National Integration and International understanding.
- 4. Correlation of Civics with other School Subjects.

Unit 2: Civics as a School Subject

- 1. Place of Civics in school curriculum.
- 2. Aims & objectives of teaching Civics at secondary level. Writing objectives in behavioural terms.
- 3. Unit Plan & Daily Lesson Plan.

Unit 3: Methodology of Civics

- 1. Methods : Lecture, Project, Problem solving, Role plays, Discussion, Excursion, team teaching and supervised study method.
- 2. Techniques : Questioning & Interview.

Unit 4: Pedagogical Analysis and Mode of Learning Engagement

1. Pedagogical analysis of the units with reference to concepts, learning outcomes, activities and learning experiences and evaluation techniques of following content at secondary level i.e. planning for teaching following contents at different level -

The Fundamental Rights, Duties & Directive Policies as mentioned in Indian constitution, The Evolution of Indian constitution, Secularism, Democracy & Socialism.

- 2. Modes of learning engagement in Civics
 - a. Providing opportunities for group activities.
 - b. Teaching aids and activities in civics room.
 - c. Library survey.

Unit 5: Evaluation of Civics

- 1. Purpose and concept of evaluation in civics.
- 2. Continuous and comprehensive evaluation (CCE) in Civics
- 3. Evaluation with objectivity, Blue Print, achievement test/question paper in Civics.

4.Difficulties Faced by the teacher in evaluation process and suggestive measures to overcome them.

Practicum/Field Work (Any two)

- 1. Make biography of any emerging political party of India discuss its impact on local politics.
- 2. Arrange a discussion session in classroom about the directive principle of nation and lead the discussion that how people breach it.
- 3. Collect some photography from magazines, newspaper etc of some burning political issue and prepare an album.
- 4. Prepare and execute a team-teaching plan based on Civics.
- 5. Construct an achievement test based on civics.

References

- > Bining and Bining: Teaching of Social Studies in Secondary Schools, New York.
- Bourne H.E.: Teaching of History and Civics, Bombay, Longmans 1972.
- > Harlikar: Teaching of Civics in India, Bombay, Padma Publications Ltd.
- ➤ Raic B.C.: Methods of Teaching Civics, Lucknow, 1985-86.
- 🕨 बघेला, हेतसिंह :नागरिक शास्त्र शिक्षण, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रन्थ अकादमी, जयपुर 1993
- 🕨 त्यागी, गुरसरनदास : नागरिक शास्त्र का शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा।
- ▶ मित्तल, एम0एल0 : नागरिक शास्त्र का शिक्षण, लायल बुक डिपो, मेरठ
- 🕨 कुदेसिया, उमेश चन्द्र : नागरिक शास्त्र शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा।
- 🕨 सिंह, रामपाल : नागरिक शास्त्र शिक्षण,आर0लाल0 बुक डिपो, मेरठ।
- 🕨 क्षत्रिय, के0 : नागरिक शास्त्र शिक्षण, लायल बुक डिपो, मेरठ
- 🕨 संध्या मुखर्जी : नागरिक शास्त्र शिक्षण, प्रकाशन केन्द्र, लखनऊ, 1985–86।

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper-III & IV Pedagogy of History (Part I)

OBJECTIVES

The student teacher will be able to:

- Understand the aims and objectives of teaching History.
- Develop an understanding of the nature of History.
- Encourage to grasp concepts and to develop thinking skills.
- Define and differentiate the concept of History and explain its relative position in the Syllabus.
- Evaluate the existing school syllabus of History.
- Review the Text-book of History (Secondary level).
- Apply appropriate methods and techniques of teaching particular topics at different levels.
- Prepare; select and utilize different teaching aids.
- Perform Pedagogical Analysis of various topics in History at secondary level.
- Understand the concept of multiple assessment techniques.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit 1: History as a Discipline

- 1. Meaning, Concept, Need, Nature and Scope of History.
- 2. Historical development of History.
- 3. Correlation of History with other School Subjects

Unit 2: History as a School Subject

- 1. Place of History in school curriculum.
- 2. Aims & objectives of teaching History at secondary level. Writing objectives in behavioural terms.
- 3. Changing trends and goals of teaching History with reference to N.C.F. 2005.
- 4. Unit Plan & Daily Lesson Plan.

Unit 3: Methodology of History

- 1. Methods : Lecture, Project, Chronological Method, Biographical Method, Source Method, Excursion, team teaching ,dramatization, Role plays, Discussion, story-telling.
- 2. Tecniques : Questioning & Interview.
- 3. Planning, organizing and conducting a trip to primary and secondary sources of knowing history.

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max Marks: 70

Unit 4: Pedagogical Analysis and Mode of Learning Engagement

1 Pedagogical analysis of the units with reference to concepts, learning outcomes, activities and learning experiences and evaluation techniques of following content at secondary level i.e. planning for teaching following contents at different level -

Battle of Panipat, Khanwa and Haldi Ghati, Revolution of 1857, Round Table Confrences,

Quit India Movement, Indus Valley Civilizations, Maya Civilizations.

- 2. Modes of learning engagement in history -
- a. Providing opportunities for group activities
- b. Teaching aids and activities in history room
- c. Library survey

Unit 5: Evaluation of History Learning

- 1. Purpose and concept of evaluation in History.
- 2. Continuous and comprehensive evaluation (CCE) in History
- 3. Evaluation with objectivity, Blue Print, achievement test/question paper in History.
- 4.Difficulties Faced by the teacher in evaluation process and suggestive measures to overcome them.

Practicum/Field Work (Any two of the following)

- 1 Watch a T.V. program based on historical events & mark out its deviations from authentic books of renowned writers.
- 2 Analyse two different writer's interpretation of Battle of Haldi Ghati & mark out different findings of theirs.
- 3 Prepare a survey based report on the primary sources available in your village/town/city & also throw light on their historical importance.
- 4 Find out the similarities in development of river valley civilisations of India& civilisations abroad.
- 5 Prepare a time-scale diagram of any historical topic on a chart & put it in school classroom & keep a note of it with you.

References

- Aggrawal, J.C. Teaching of History (A practical Approach), Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- > Choudhary. K.P. ; Effective teaching of History in India, NCERT.
- Shate, V.D.; Suggestions for the teaching of History in India.
- Ghose, K.D.; Creative teaching of History OUP
- > Hill, C.P. : Suggestions on the teaching of History.
- Kochhar, S.K.: Teaching of History, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, New Delhi.
- > Verjeshwary, R. : Hand Book for History teacher in India.

In Hindi Edition:

- Dixit, Upender Nath and Baghela, Het Singh: History teaching, Raj.Hindi Granth, Akadami, Jaipur
- Shate, B.D.; History teaching, Hariyana
- > Tyagi, Gurusharan: History teaching, Vinod Publication, Agra

Paper-VI & VII Pedagogy of Geography (Part I)

OBJECTIVES

Student-teachers will be able to:-

- Understand the aims and objectives of teaching Geography.
- Develop an understanding of the nature of Geography.
- Encourage to grasp concepts and to develop thinking skills.
- Define and differentiate the concept of Geography and explain its relative position in the Syllabus.
- Evaluate the existing school syllabus of Geography.
- Review the Text-book of Geography (Secondary level).
- Apply appropriate methods and techniques of teaching particular topics at different levels.
- Prepare; select and utilize different teaching aids.
- Perform Pedagogical Analysis of various topics in Geography at secondary level.
- Understand the concept of multiple assessment techniques.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit 1: Geography as a Discipline

- 1. Meaning, Concept, Need, Nature and scope of Geography .
- 2. Historical development of Geography as a discipline.
- 3. Correlation of Geography with other School Subjects
- 4. Changing trends in Geography

Unit 2: Geography as a school subject

- 1. Place of Geography in school curriculum.
- 2. Aims & objectives of teaching Geography at secondary level. Writing objectives in behavioural terms.
- 3. Unit Plan & Daily Lesson Plan.

Unit 3: Methodology of Teaching-learning of Geography

- 1. Methods : Lecture, Project, Problem solving, Excursion, Discussion, Field Trip, laboratory, Regional, Inductive & Deductive and Supervised Study Method.
- 2. Techniques : Questioning & Interview.

Unit 4: Pedagogical Analysis and Mode of Learning Engagement

- 1. Pedagogical analysis of the units with reference to concepts, learning outcomes, activities and learning experiences and evaluation techniques of following content at secondary level i.e. planning for teaching following contents at different level
 - a. Physical Features: Oceans, Mountain Ranges, Sea currents, Desserts, Plains.

- b. Trade Winds, Natural Disasters., longitudes & latitudes, physical locations of the continents etc.
- 2. Modes of learning engagement in Geography
 - a. Providing opportunities for group activities.
 - b. Teaching aids and activities in civics room.
 - c. Library survey.

Unit 5: Evaluation of Geography

1. Purpose and concept of evaluation in Geography.

- 2. Continuous and comprehensive evaluation (CCE) in Geography
- 3. Evaluation with objectivity, Blue Print, achievement test/question paper in Geography.

4.Difficulties Faced by the teacher in evaluation process and suggestive measures to overcome them.

Practicum/Field Work (Any one)

- 1. Make a detailed sketch of the Nile river & describe how it flows through different countries.
- 2. Conduct a survey of the people of different social strata residing in different Geographical locations and compile it in report form.
- 3. Plan your own teaching strategy on any topic of your choice based on geography.
- 4. Watch any programme on TV and write your experiences about the flora & fauna aspects.
- 5. Prepare an sketch of the main Geographical features of India with descriptions.

References

- 1. वर्मा, जे.पी. : भूगोल शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर, आगरा 1987।
- 2. शर्मा, सी.आर : भूगोल शिक्षण, मॉर्डन पब्लिशर्स, मेरठ।
- 3. सिंह, एच.एन: भूगोल शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर, आगरा 1987।
- 4. अरोड़ा,के.एल.: भूगोल शिक्षण, प्रकाश ब्रदर्स, लुधियाना 1983
- 5. मिश्रा, ए.एन. : भूगोल शिक्षण पद्धति, शिक्षण निकेतन, कानपुर 1959।
- 6. Singh, L.P.: Practical Geography, Allied publication, Allahabad.
- 7. Barnard, H.C.: Principles and Practice of Geography Teaching, London University, Tutorial press, 1953.
- 8. Kaul, A.K.: Why and How of Geography Teaching, Ambanu Publications, Srinagar, 1983.
- 9. Verma, O.P. and Vedanayagam E.G.,:Geography Teaching, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1987.
- 10. Gopsil, G.H.: The Teaching of Geography, Macmillan K Co.Ltd, London, 1958.
- 11. Macnee: Teaching of Geography, Oxford University Press, and Bombay.
- 12. Source Book for Teaching of Geography, UNESCO Publishing.

B.A. B.Ed. III Year : 2023-24 Paper –V Art and Aesthetics (EPC)

Max Marks: 50

Objectives:

The student teacher will be able to:

- Understand the important concepts and Prepare unit plan, Lesson plan and yearly plan for different classes.
- Critically evaluate existing school syllabus and textbooks.
- Prepare suitable teaching aids and use them in the classroom effectively.
- Fulfilment of an individual' s potentials through fine art.
- Deepen understanding, appreciation and skills in one chosen medium through self- work and evaluate self as an artist and art educator.
- Appreciate and engage with a diverse range of art processes, products and performances folk and classical through exposure and exchange.
- Experiment and create pieces of art using different medium. Focus on colours, textures, composition and thematic content.
- Understanding basics of different Art forms impact of Art forms on the human mind.
- Enhance artistic and aesthetic sensibility among learners to enable them to respond to the beauty in different Art forms, through genuine exploration, experience and free expression.
- Enhance skills for integrating different Art forms across school curriculum at secondary level

COURSE CONTENT

Unit – 1 Understanding Art, Music, Dance & Drama

- 1.Meaning, Nature and Scope of art, and aesthetics, Indian Folk art ,Creative Art, Knowledge of Indian Craft Traditions and its relevance in education, Knowledge of Indian Contemporary Arts and Artists; Visual Arts
- 2. The History of music, Drama and Dance in Indian context
- 3.Introduction to music: संगीतपरिचय : ध्वनि–स्वर, सप्तक, अलंकार, लय–तालएवाद्य–तन्तु, अवनद्ध, सुशिर, धनलोकसंगीत, लोकगीत, लोकगाद्य।
- ४ण प्दजतवकनबजपवद जव कंदबमरू नृत्य कलाकाइतिहास, लोकनृत्य।
- 5ण प्दजतवकनबजपवद जव कतंउंरू नाटक की विभिन्नविधाऐं—मेंचीय नाटक, नुक्कडनाटकएएकांकीए मूकाभिनय नाटक, एकाभिनय, इंप्रोवाइजेशन नाटक के अंश—मंचीय अंश, नेपथ्य अंश, पुतली—नाटककामाध्य, निर्माण प्रक्रिया, संचालन प्रक्रिया।

Unit – 2 Nature and Scope

- 1. Art teaching at secondary level of school education
- a) The place of art in general education.
- b) Education Values of Art and its relationship with other school subjects.
- c) Role of Art is Indian culture and values.
- d) Art and Society

- e) Contribution of Art Teaching
- 2. Importance, Aims and Objective of Art Teaching (Bloom's approach to specify the outcomes).
- 3. Co-relation with other Subject
- 4. Developing Aesthetic Values through Music, Dance and Drama.

Unit – 3 Methods and Techniques

1. Approaches and Methods of teaching Art- Demonstration method.Lecture cum demonstration, Experimental method, Project method, Text book, Question-answer techniques, Dramatization, Discussion, Group work and Assignments,Drama as a teaching technique.

2.Use of ICT in art teaching.

3. Arts, Drama and Music in the classroom.

Unit -4 Teaching-learning resources & Planning of Art And aesthetic Education

- 1. Types of primary and secondary resources: data from field, textual material, journals, magazines, newspaper, People as resource; the significance of oral data.
- 2. Meaning, Concept, need and preparation of lesson plan, unit plan and annual plan.
- 3. Curriculum in Art for school instruction. Mughal art style, Rajasthani art style, pahari art style
- **4.** Teaching Aids- Meaning, Importance and types of teaching Aids, Art laboratory (its need, organization, equipments)

Unit – 5: Evaluation of Art, Music, Dance & Drama

- 1. Qualities of a good Art and AstheticTeacher.
- 2. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) in art and asthetic education.
- 3. Characteristics of Assessment in art education: Types of questions best suited forexamining/assessing/ aspect of art education; Questions for testing quantitative skills, Questions for testing qualitative skill; Open-ended questions.
- 4.Blue print: Meaning, concept, need and construction.
- 5. Practical Evaluation and its importance

<u>Practicum/Field work(Any five from the following taking care that it should cover</u> <u>atleast one activity from Art, Music And Drama each) :-</u>

- 1.Local field trip for understanding the stone carving art to understand them in reference to their cultural and historical importance compile a report of the same.
- 2.Exploration and experimentation with different methods of Visual Arts like Painting/ block printing/ collage/ clay modelling/ paper cutting and folding, etc.
- 3.Make five different teaching materials using different type of teaching aids (chart, Model, Power Point, O.H.P. transparencies of Art subject.
- 4. Prepare and organise a street play/NukkadNatak on any emerging social issue.
- 5. Make a pictorial presentation of local musical instruments with its historical and cultural significance.

6.Prepare a report and analyse how handicraft factories design their products, manage their resources, including raw materials, its marketing and various aspects of environmental concerns.

7. Meet some folk dance artist of the local vicinity and interview them on the point that how they evolved into an artist.

8. Perform the *TRITAAL AND KAHRAWA* in *DUGUN & TRIGUN* in the presence of your Music teacher and take a performance appraisal report from them.

9. Collect some folk songs in which there is a description of nature and analyse them.

10. Collect some songs which are sung on any marriage celebration.

11. Viewing/listening to live and recorded performances of Classical and Regional Art forms & compile your personal feelings on it.

12. Local field trip for understanding working process of any art work or Art gallery/art form & mention experiences.

13. Documentation of the processes of any one Art or Craft form with the pedagogical basis such as weaving or printing of textiles, folk performances in the community.

14. While you were in internship if you found any student worth evaluating on any of the aesthetic arts (Music, Dance, Drama) make an individual portfolio & submit it in college.

15. Draw Caricatures of three renowned Historical personalities.

16. Pick out art based articles and paintings from famous newspapers and compile the collected information.

References:

- > AAMS: Memorandum on the teaching of Art London.
- > Arya Jaides: Kala KeAdhyapana, VinodPustakMandi, Agra.
- GeargeConard: The process of Art education in the elementary school Practice Hall, inc.England, Cliets No.1, 1964.
- > Jeswani K K (1950) Teaching and appreciation arts in schools, Atma Ram and sons Delhi
- Kala Shikshak :Vol. No. 4 April, 1966, Special Number, Art Education, Published by Department of Education, Rajasthan, Bikaner.
- KrishnamurtyJ(1973) Education & Significance of life, B I Publications Bombay.
- KrishnamurtyJ(1973) Education & Significance of life, B I Publications Bombay.
- Ruth Dunneth :'Art and child personality', Methuen and Co. Ltd. London 1945.
- Singh ChitraLekha, Arts Education, VinodPustalMandir, Agra
- > Veer Ram Avtaar, BhartiyaSangeetkaltihaash,(2001) Radha Publication, Delhi